

B-007-N DiTullio, B-050-N Saba, X-592-N Dolk

Data Report NBP18-01

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Introduction

The NBP data acquisition systems continuously log data from the instruments used during the cruise. This document describes:

- The structure and organization of the data on the distribution media
- The format and contents of the data strings
- Formulas for calculating values
- Information about the specific instruments in use during the cruise
- A log of acquisition problems and events during the cruise that may affect the data
- Scanned calibration sheets for the instruments in use during the cruise.

The data is distributed on a DVD+R or CD-ROM written in ISO9660 level-1 format. It is readable by virtually every computing platform.

All the data has been archived using ‘tar’ and compressed using ‘gzip’, identified by the ‘.tz’ extension. Tools are available on all platforms for uncompressing and de-archiving these formats: On Macintosh use the built-in Archive Utility, or tar in the terminal. On Windows operating systems use WinZip or 7Zip.

MultiBeam and Bathymetry data, if collected, are distributed separately.

IMPORTANT: Read the last section, “Acquisition Problems and Events,” for important information that may affect the processing of this data.

Distribution Contents at a Glance

Volume 1 of 1: NBP18-01

File	Description
/	Root level directory
<i>NBP18-01.gmt</i>	GMT binary file of MGD77 data
<i>NBP18-01.mgd</i>	Full Cruise MGD77 data file
<i>NBP18-01.trk</i>	Text file of cruise track
<i>NBP1801DATA.docx</i>	Data Report NBP18-01 (MS Word)
<i>NBP1801DATA.pdf</i>	Data Report NBP18-01 (PDF format)
<i>INSTCOEF.TXT</i>	Instrument Coefficient File
/process	Processed data
<i>NBP1801JGOF.tz</i>	JGOFS format data files
<i>NBP1801MGD.tz</i>	MGD Data
<i>NBP1801PCO2.tz</i>	Merged pCO ₂ data files
<i>NBP1801PROC.tz</i>	Other processed data
<i>NBP1801QC.tz</i>	Daily RVDAS QC postscript plots
/rvdas/nav	Navigation data
<i>NBP1801adcp.tz</i>	ADCP Data Sets
<i>NBP1801gyrl.tz</i>	Gyro raw data
<i>NBP1801s330.tz</i>	Seapath 330 data
<i>NBP1801seap.tz</i>	Seapath 200 data
/rvdas/uw	Underway data
<i>NBP1801bwnc.tz</i>	Baltic winch data
<i>NBP1801ctdd.tz</i>	CTD depth data
<i>NBP1801cwnc.tz</i>	Waterfall winch data
<i>NBP1801engl.tz</i>	Engineering data
<i>NBP1801flrl1.tz</i>	Flourometer data
<i>NBP1801grv1.tz</i>	Gravimeter data
<i>NBP1801hdas.tz</i>	HydroDAS raw data
<i>NBP1801knud.tz</i>	Knudsen raw data
<i>NBP1801mbdp.tz</i>	Multi-beam depth
<i>NBP1801mwxt1.tz</i>	Meteorology raw data
<i>NBP1801oxyg.tz</i>	Oxygen data
<i>NBP1801pc02.tz</i>	pCO ₂ raw data
<i>NBP1801pguv.tz</i>	GUV raw data
<i>NBP1801rtmp.tz</i>	Remote Temperature data
<i>NBP1801tsg1.tz</i>	Micro TSG1 data
<i>NBP1801tsg2.tz</i>	Micro TSG2 data
<i>NBP1801twnc.tz</i>	Trawl winch data
/Imagery	Cruise Imagery
<i>NBP1801Imag.tz</i>	Collection of Imagery Files
/ocean	Ocean data
<i>NBP1801ctd.tz</i>	CTD Data

Extracting Data

The data files will have a “.tz” extension on the filename. The “.tz” extension is for files whose contents have been archived using the “tar” utility and compressed with the “gzip” utility.

An example of creating a compressed archive file:

```
tar -czvf archive_filename files_to_archive
```

An example of listing the files in an archive:

```
tar -tzvf archive_filename
```

An example redirecting the list output to a file, where contents.list is the name of the file to create:

```
tar -tzvf archive_filename > contents.list
```

An example extracting all files from the archive:

```
tar -xzvf archive_filename
```

An example extracting specific files from the archive:

```
tar -xzvf archive_filename list_of_files_to_extract
```

Distribution Contents

Cruise Track

The distribution DVD includes a GMT cruise track file (NBP18-01.trk). It contains the longitude and latitude at one-minute intervals extracted from the NBP18-01.gmt file.

Satellite Images

Satellite Images processed for this cruise can be found in the directory, /Imagery in two subdirectories, ice and wx (weather). Files are named using the convention, IdDDDYYA.jpg where:

Id = image type (ice = ice, wx = weather)

DDD = year-day

YY = year

A = allows for multiple images of one type for one day

NBP Data Products

Two datasets are created on each cruise: JGOFS and MGD77.

The data processing scripts used to produce JGOFS and MGD77 data sets create a lot of intermediate files. These files are included on the data distribution media in a file called NBP1801proc.TAR. They are included to make re-processing easier in the event of an error, but no extensive detail of the formats is included in this document. If you have any questions, please contact itvessel@usap.gov.

JGOFS

The JGOFS data set can be found on the distribution media in the file /process/NBP18-01JGOF.tar. The archive contains one file produced for each day named jgDDD.dat.gz, where DDD is the year-day the data was acquired. The “.gz” extension indicates that the individual files are compressed before archiving. Each daily file consists of 22 columnar fields in text format as described in the table below. The JGOFS data set is created from calibrated data decimated at one-minute intervals. Several fields are derived measurements from more than a single raw input. For example, Course Made Good (CMG) and Speed Over Ground (SOG) are calculated from gyro and GPS inputs. Daily plots during the cruise are produced from the JGOFS data set. Note: Null, unused, or unknown fields are indicated as “NAN” as 9999 in the JGOFS data.

Field	Data	Units
01	UTC Date	dd/mm/yy
02	UTC Time	hh:mm:ss
03	Seapath Latitude (negative is South)	tt.tttt
04	Seapath Longitude (negative is West)	ggg.gggg
05	Speed Over Ground	knots
06	GPS HDOP	-
07	Gyro Heading	Degrees (azimuth)
08	Course Made Good	Degrees (azimuth)
09	Mast PAR	μ Einstein's/meter ²
10	Sea Surface Temperature	°C
11	Sea Surface Conductivity	siemens/meter
12	Sea Surface Salinity	PSU
13	Sea Depth (uncorrected, calc. sw soud vel. 1500 m/s)	meters
14	True Wind Speed (max speed windbird)	meters/sec
15	True Wind Direction (max speed windbird)	degrees (azimuth)
16	Ambient Air Temperature	°C
17	Relative Humidity	%
18	Barometric Pressure	mBars
19	Sea Surface Fluorometry	volts (0-5 FSO)
20	Transmissometry	%
21	PSP	W/m ²
22	PIR	W/m ²

MGD77

The MGD77 data set is contained in a single file for the entire cruise. It can be found in the top level of the distribution data structure as NBP18-01.mgd. The file NBP18-01.gmt is created from the MGD77 dataset using the “mgd77togmt” utility. NBP18-01.gmt can be used with the GMT plotting package.

The data used to produce the NBP18-01.mgd file can be found on the distribution media in the file /process/NBP1801proc.tar. The data files in the archive contain a day's data and follow the naming convention Dddd.fnl.tz, where ddd is the year-day. These files follow a space-delimited columnar format that may be more accessible for some purposes. They contain data at one-second intervals rather than one minute and are individually “gzipped” to save space. Below is a detailed description of the MGD77 data set format. The other files in the archive contain interim processing files and are included to simplify possible reprocessing of the data using the RVDAS NBP processing scripts.

All decimal points are implied. Leading zeros and blanks are equivalent. Unknown or unused fields are filled with 9's. All “corrections”, such as time zone, diurnal magnetics, and EOTVOS, are understood to be added.

Col	Len	Type	Contents	Description, Possible Values, Notes
1	1	int	Data record type	Set to "5" for data record
2-9	8	char	Survey identifier	
10-12	3	int	Time zone correction	corrects time (in chars 13-27) to UTC when added; 0=UTC
13-16	4	int	Year	4 digit year
17-18	2	int	Month	2 digit month
19-20	2	int	Day	2 digit day
21-22	2	int	Hour	2 digit hour
23-27	5	real	Minutes x 1000	
28-35	8	real	Latitude x 100000	Positive = North, Negative = South. (-9000000 to 9000000)
36-44	9	real	Longitude x 100000	Positive = East, Negative = West. (-18000000 to 18000000)
45	1	int	Position type code	1 = Observed fix, 3 = Interpolated, 9 = Unspecified
46-51	6	real	Bathymetry, 2-way travel time	In 10,000th of seconds. Corrected for transducer depth and other such corrections.
52-57	6	real	Bathymetric, corrected depth	In tenths of meters
58-59	2	int	Bathymetric correction code	This code details the procedure used for determining the sound velocity correction to depth
60	1	int	Bathymetric type code	1 = Observed, 3 = Interpolated (Header Seq. 12), 9 = Unspecified
61-66	6	real	Magnetics total field, 1 st sensor	In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas)
67-72	6	real	Magnetics total field, 2 nd sensor	In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas), for trailing sensor
73-78	6	real	Magnetics residual field	In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas). The reference field used is in Header Seq. 13
79	1	int	Sensor for residual field	1 = 1 st or leading sensor, 2 = 2 nd or trailing sensor, 9 = Unspecified
80-84	5	real	Magnetics diurnal correction	In tenths of nanoteslas (gammas). (In nanoteslas) if 9-filled (i.e., set to "+9999"), total and residual fields are assumed to be uncorrected; if used, total and residual are assumed to have been already corrected.
85-90	6	F6.0	Depth or altitude of magnetics sensor	(In meters). Positive = Below sea level, 3 = Above sea level
91-97	7	real	Observed gravity	In 10 th of mgals. Corrected for Eotvos, drift, tares
98-103	6	real	EOTVOS correction	In 10 th of mgals. $E=7.5 V \cos \phi \sin \alpha + 0.0042 V^* V$
104-108	5	real	Free-air anomaly	In 10 th of mgals, G = observed, G = theoretical
109-113	5	char	Seismic line number	Cross reference for seismic data
114-119	6	char	Seismic shot-point number	
120	1	int	Quality code for navigation	5 = Suspected, by the originating institution 6 = Suspected, by the data center 9 = No identifiable problem found

Science of Opportunity

ADCP

The shipboard ADCP system measures currents in a depth range from about 30 to 300 m -- in good weather. In bad weather or in ice, the range is reduced, and sometimes no valid measurements are made. ADCP data collection is the OPP-funded project of Eric Firing (University of Hawaii) and Teri Chereskin (Scripps Institution of Oceanography). Data is collected on both the LMG and the NBP for the benefit of scientists on individual cruises, and for the long-term goal of building a profile of current structure in the Southern Ocean.

A data feed is sent from the ADCP system to RVDAS whenever a reference layer is acquired. This feed contains east and north vectors for ship's speed, relative to the reference layer, and ship's heading. Collected files (one per day) are archived in NBP1801adcp.tar in the directory /rvdas/nav.

pCO₂

The NBP carries a pCO₂ measurement system from Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO). pCO₂ data is recorded by RVDAS and transmitted to LDEO at the end of each cruise. You will find pCO₂ data in a file named NBP1801pco2.tar in the /process directory, which contains the pCO₂ instrument's data merged with GPS, meteorological and other oceanographic measurements. For more information contact Colm Sweeney (csweeney@ldeo.columbia.edu).

Cruise Science

CTD

The CTD data has been placed in the tar file /ocean/NBP18-01ctd.tar. The archive contains tar files NBP18-01proc.tar.

XBT

During a cruise, eXpendable BathyThermographs (XBTs) may have been used to obtain water column temperature profiles, providing corrections to the sound velocity profile for the multibeam system. The data files from those launches would be included as NBP1801xbt.tar in the /ocean directory. **No XBTs were collected on this cruise.**

RVDAS

The Research Vessel Data Acquisition System (RVDAS) was developed at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University and has been in use on its research ship for many years. It has been extensively adapted for use on the USAP research vessels.

Daily data processing of the RVDAS data is performed to calibrate and convert values into useable units and as a quality-control on operation of the DAS. Raw and processed data sets from RVDAS are included in the data distribution. The tables below provide detailed information on the sensors and data. Be sure to read the “Significant Acquisition Events” section for important information about data acquisition during this cruise.

Sensors and Instruments

RVDAS data is divided into two general categories, *underway* and *navigation*. They can be found on the distribution media as subdirectories under the top level rvdas directory: /rvdas/uw, and /rvdas/nav. Processed oceanographic data is in the top level directory, /process. Each instrument or sensor produces a data file named with its channel ID. Each data file is g-zipped to save space on the distribution media. Not all data types are collected every day or on every cruise.

The naming convention for data files produced by the sensors and instruments is

NBP[CruiseID][ChannelID].dDDD

Example: NBP18-01mwx1.d025

- The CruiseID is the numeric name of the cruise, in this case, NBP18-01.
- The ChannelID is a 4-character code representing the system being logged. An example is “mwx1,” the designation for meteorology.
- DDD is the day of year the data was collected

Underway Sensors

Meteorology and Radiometry

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Air Temperature	mwx1 (met)	Continuous	1/sec	RM Young 41372LC
Relative Humidity	mwx1 (met)	Continuous	1/sec	RM Young 41372LC
Wind Speed / Direction	mwx1 (pus,sus)	Continuous	1/sec	Gill Instruments 1390-PK-062
Barometer	mwx1 (met)	Continuous	1/sec	RM Young 61201
PAR	mwx1 (met)	Continuous	1/sec	Biospherical Instruments QSR-240
PIR	mwx1 (met)	Continuous	1/sec	Eppley PIR
PSP	mwx1 (met)	Continuous	1/sec	Eppley PSP
GUV	pguv	Continuous	2/sec	Biospherical Instruments GUV-2511

Geophysics

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Gravimeter	grv1	Continuous	1/sec	BGM3/210
Bathymetry	knud	Continuous	varies	Knudsen Chirp
Bathymetry	mbdp	Continuous	varies	Kongsberg EM122

Oceanography

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Conductivity	tsg1,tsg2	Continuous	0.5/sec	Sea-Bird SBE 45
Ocean Surface Temperature	rtmp	Continuous	1.2/sec	Sea-Bird SBE 38
Transmissometer	hdas	Continuous	0.5/sec	WetLabs C-Star
Fluorometer	hdas	Continuous	0.5/sec	WetLabs AFLT
pCO ₂	pco2	Continuous	0.017/sec	LDEO instrumentation
ADCP	adcp	Continuous	1/sec	UHDAS
Bathymetry	sim1	Continuous	varies	Simrad EK60 Sonar

Navigational Instruments

Measurement	String ID	Collection Status	Rate	Instrument
Heading, Speed, Course, GPS, Heave, Roll and Pitch	s330	Continuous	1/sec	Seapath 330 GPS
Heading, Speed, Course, GPS, Heave, Roll and Pitch	seap	Continuous	1/sec	Seapath 200 GPS
Heading, Speed, Course, and GPS	PCOD	Continuous	1/sec	Furuno GP-330B
Heading	gyr1	Continuous	0.2/sec	Yokogawa Compass

Data

Data is received from the RVDAS system via RS-232 serial connections. A time tag is added at the beginning of each line of data in the form,

```
yy+dd:hh:mm:ss.sss [data stream from instrument]
```

where

yy	= two-digit year
ddd	= day of year
hh	= 2 digit hour of the day
mm	= 2 digit minute
ss.sss	= seconds

All times are reported in UTC.

The delimiters that separate fields in the raw data files are often spaces and commas but can be other characters such as : = @. Occasionally no delimiter is present. Care should be taken when reprocessing the data that the field's separations are clearly understood.

In the sections below a sample data string is shown, followed by a table that lists the data contained in the string.

Each section on the next page describes a type of data file (file name extension in parentheses) followed by a typical line of data in the file. In the table(s) for each section is a description of the fields within each line of data. Note: most data files listed below will be included with each cruise's data distribution; however some types of files may be omitted if the instrument was not operating during the cruise. The available data files can be found in the /rvdas/uw and /rvdas/nav directories on the distribution disc.

Underway Data /rvdas/uw**Sound Velocity Probe (svp1)**

15+055:20:27:24.018 1535.43

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Sound Velocity, from ADCP sonar well	xxxx.xx	m/s

Meteorology (mwx1)**MET**

15+055:20:27:24.636 MET,12.1,-39,-6.07,77.4,178.0729,0.809536,-0.1235019,268.1754,267.9648,970.7878

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	MET Flag		
3	Power Supply Voltage	vv.v	V
4	Enclosure Relative Humidity (not implemented)	xx.x	%
5	Air Temperature, Celsius	xx.x	C
6	Air Relative Humidity	xx.x	%
7	PAR (Photosynthetically Available Radiation)	xxx.xxxx	mV
8	PSP (Shortwave Radiation)	x.xxxxxx	mV
9	PIR Thermopile (Longwave Radiation)	x.xxxxxx	mV
10	PIR Case Temperature	xxx.xxxx	K
11	PIR Dome Temperature	xxx.xxxx	K
12	Barometer	xxx.xxxx	mBar

PUS

15+055:21:47:42.452 PUS,A,037,014.36,M,+325.38,-010.29,60,0F

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	PUS Flag		
3	A	x	A
4	Port Wind Relative Direction	xxx	degrees
5	Port Wind Relative Speed	xxx.xx	m/s
6	M = Meters (for previous)	x	M
7	Sound Speed	xxx.xx	m/s
8	Sonic Temperature	xxx.xx	C
9	Unit Status*	xx	numeric
10	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Status

00 = Good, 60 = Good. Any other value indicates fault

SUS

15+055:21:50:48.409 SUS,A,338,012.63,M,+326.15,-009.05,60,0F

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	SUS Flag		
3	A	x	A
4	Starboard Wind Relative Direction	xxx	degrees
5	Starboard Wind Relative Speed	xxx.xx	m/s
6	M = Meters (for previous)	x	M
7	Sound Speed	xxx.xx	m/s
8	Sonic Temperature	xxx.xx	C
9	Unit Status*	xx	numeric
10	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Status

00 = Good, 60 = Good. Any other value indicates fault

Knudsen (knud)

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	3.5kHz = Low frequency in use	x.xxxx	3.5kHz
3	Low Frequency Depth	xxxx.xx	m
4	Valid Flag	x	0
5	12.0kHz = High frequency in use	xx.xxxx	12.0kHz
6	High Frequency Depth	xxxx.xx	m
7	Valid Flag	x	0
8	Sound Speed Velocity	xxxx	m/s
9	Latitude	xx.xxxxxx	degrees
10	Longitude	xx.xxxxxx	degrees

Gravimeter (grv1)

15+056:14:21:21.153 01:025268 00

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	01:	xx:	01
3	Gravity Count*	xxxxxx	Flit Count
4	Error Flag	xx	numeric

Error Flag

00 = All well, 01 = CPS malfunction, 02 = Sensor Malfunction, 03 = CPS and sensor Malfunction

A gravity tie is taken at the start of the cruise and applied throughout the cruise. There is no accounting for drift after the pre-cruise gravity time. The post cruise gravity tie is available by requesting it from ethq@usap.gov.

pCO₂ (pco2)

15+056:14:41:10.392 2015056.60236 2608.36 30.14 977.91 48.25 368.76 353.92 -1.18 -1.26 0.00 Equil

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	pCO ₂ time tag*	yyyyddd.ttt	UTC
3	Raw Voltage (IR)	xxxx.xx	mV
4	Cell Temperature	xx.xx	C
5	Equilibration Pressure	xxx.xx	mBar
6	Flowrate	xxx.xx	cm ³ /min
7	pCO ₂ Pressure	xxx.xx	μAtm
8	VCO ₂ Concentration	xx.xx	ppm
9	Equilibrator Temperature, RTD	xx.xx	C
10	Equilibrator Temperature, SBE38	xx.xx	C
11	Valve Position	xx	numeric
12	Flow Source*		text

pCO₂ time tag

ttt = fractional time of day

Flow SourceEquil = pCO₂ Measurement**Micro TSG (tsg1, tsg2)**

15+056:15:06:06.644 -1.1809, 2.73404, 34.0574, 1442.367

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Temperature	xx.XXXX	C
3	Conductivity	xx.XXXX	s/m
4	Salinity	xx.XXXX	PSU
5	Sound Velocity	xxxx.xxx	m/s

Remote Temperature (rtmp)

15+056:15:10:38.244 -1.4644

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Temperature, Seawater Intake	xx.XXXX	C

GUV (pguv)

15+057:14:51:33.808 022615 065133 .000132 .010878 .047479 .004407 -.002799 .014652 .027558 .094395
.417814 -4.466095

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Date	mmddyy	UTC-4
3	Time	hhmmss	UTC-4
4	Ed0GND (sensor ground voltage)	xxxxxx	V
5	Ed0320 (downwelling 320nm irradiance)	xxxxxx	µW
6	Ed0340 (downwelling 340nm irradiance)	xxxxxx	µW
7	Ed0313 (downwelling 313nm irradiance)	xxxxxx	µW
8	Ed0305 (downwelling 305nm irradiance)	xxxxxx	µW
9	Ed0380 (downwelling 380nm irradiance)	xxxxxx	µW
10	Ed0PAR (downwelling 400-700nm irradiance)	xxxxxx	µE
11	Ed0395 (downwelling 395nm irradiance)	xxxxxx	µW
12	Ed0Temp (sensor array temperature)	xxxxxx	C
13	Ed0Vin (input voltage)	x.xxxxxx	V

Engineering (eng1)

15+057:16:41:24.536 12.25 23.21 507.8 0.6 162.6 -751.9 0 0 NAN NAN -10.3 7.2

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Supply Voltage	xx.xx	V
3	Case Temperature	xx.xx	C
4	Seawater Flow, Aquarium Room	xxx.x	l / min
5	Seawater Flow, Helo-deck	x.x	l / min
6	Seawater Flow, Hydro-lab	xxx.x	l / min
7	Seismic Air Pressure	xxx.x	lbf/in ²
8	Not Currently Hooked Up	x	0 or NAN
9	Not Currently Hooked Up	x	0 or NAN
10	Not Currently Hooked Up	x	0 or NAN
11	Not Currently Hooked Up	x	0 or NAN
12	Altimeter for Yo-Yo Camera - Rarely used*	xx.xx	m
13	Transmissometer for Yo-Yo camera - Rarely used*	xxx.x	%

Altimeter

This is rarely used, and only provides real data when connected. When not connected, provides a value approx = -10.

Transmissometer

This is rarely used, and only provides real data when connected. When not connected, provides a value range of approx = 0 to 10.

Hydro DAS (hdas)

15+057:16:07:09.456 12.15038 12.39402 336.5517 4431.724 -1 20.5 64 33.5 43.5

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Supply Voltage	xx.xxxxx	V
3	Case Temperature	xx.xxxxx	C
4	Fluorometer	xxx.xxxx	mV
5	Transmissometer	xxxxx.xxx	mV
6	Sea Water Valve*	x	-1 or 0
7	Flow Meter 1 Frequency	xx.x	Hz
8	Flow Meter 2 Frequency	xx.x	Hz
9	Flow Meter 3 Frequency	xx.x	Hz
10	Flow Meter 4 Frequency	xx.x	Hz

Sea Water Valve

-1 = Stern Thruster Valve, 0 = Moon Pool Valve

Winch (bwnc, cwnc, twnc)

15+057:14:12:24.405 02RD,2015-02-26T14:55:32.051,STBD TRAWL,00000064,-00000.0,-00023.2,3594

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	LAN ID		alphanumeric
3	LCI-90i Date and Time	yyyy-mm-ddThh:mm:ss.sss	
4	Winch Name		alphabetical
5	Tension	xxxxxxxx	lbs
6	Speed	xxxxx.x	m/min
7	Payout	xxxxx.x	m
8	Checksum	x.xxxx	numeric

Multibeam (mbdp)

15+058:22:04:52.826 \$KIDPT,594.68,7.67,12000.0*43

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	KIDPT	x.x	m
3	Depth at Transducer	x.x	m
4	Distance to Waterline from Transducer	x.x	m
5	Maximum Range in Use	x.x	alphanumeric
6	Checksum	xx	UTC

Fluorometer (flr1)

17+241:00:00:22.630 99/99/99 99:99:99 695 83 538

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	Ignore	x.x	n/a
3	Ignore	x.x	n/a
4	Wavelength (Not used)	xxx	nanometers
5	Chlorophyll Counts	xxxx	Counts
6	Internal Thermistor (Not used)	xxx	Therm

Navigational Data /rvdas/nav

GPS (s330, seap, PCOD)

1. *Seapath 330*

a. NMEA 0183 strings

- i. GPZDA
- ii. GPGGA
- iii. GPVTG
- iv. GPHDT
- v. GPRMC

b. Proprietary Strings

- i. PSXN 20
- ii. PSXN 22
- iii. PSXN 23

2. *Seapath 200*

a. NMEA 0182 strings

- i. GPZDA
- ii. GPGGA
- iii. GPVTG
- iv. GPHDT

b. Proprietary Strings

- i. PSXN 20
- ii. PSXN 22
- iii. PSXN 23

3. *Furuno GP-330B*

a. NMEA 0183 strings

- i. GPZDA
- ii. GPGGA
- iii. GPVTG
- iv. GPRMC
- v. GPGLL
- vi. GPDTM

GPZDA

15+051:21:02:04.507 \$GPZDA,210204.39,20,02,2015,,*6F

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPZDA		
3	Time	hhmmss.ss	UTC
4	Day	dd	UTC
5	Month	mm	UTC
6	Year	yyyy	UTC
7	(empty field)	x	Blank or 0
8	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

GPGGA

15+051:21:02:02.507 \$GPGGA,210202.38,7712.979244,S,16741.040258,W,1,12,0.7,-5.04,M,-55.90,M,,*6F

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPGGA		
3	Time	hhmmss.ss	UTC
4	Latitude	ddmm.mmfffff	degrees
5	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
6	Longitude	ddmm.mmfffff	degrees
7	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
8	GPS quality indicator*	x	0,1,2,3,4,5, or 6
9	Number of satellites in use (00-99)	xx	00-99
10	HDOP	x.x	
11	Antenna height	x.xx	m
12	M = Meters (for previous)	x	M
13	Geoidal height	x.xx	m
14	M = Meters (for previous)	x	M
15	Age of DGPS corrections (seconds)	x.x	seconds
16	Station ID of DGPS (if used)	x	numeric
17	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Quality

0 = invalid, 1 = GPS SPS, 2 = DGPS, 3 = PPS, 4 = RTK, 5 = float RTK, 6 = dead reckoning

GPVTG

15+051:16:47:06.625 \$GPVTG,357.84,T,251.99,M,9.5,N,17.7,K,A*15

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPVTG		
3	Heading	x.xx	degrees
4	T = True (for previous)	x	T
5	Heading	x.xx	degrees
6	M = Magnetic (for previous)	x	M
7	Speed over Ground (knots)	x.x	knots
8	N = knots (for previous)	x	N
9	Speed over Ground (kilometers per hour)	x.x	km/h
10	K = km per hour (for previous)	x	K
11	Mode*	X	A,D,E, or N
12	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Modes

A = GPS used, D = DGPS used, E = Dead reckoning used, N = Invalid position / velocity

GPRMC

15+051:21:02:04.741 \$GPRMC,210204.38,A,7712.979182,S,16741.063669,W,9.4,270.82,200215,105.6,E,A*06

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPRMC		
3	Time	hhmmss.sss	UTC
4	Status*	x	A or N
5	Latitude	ddmm.mmfffff	degrees
6	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
7	Longitude	ddmm.mmfffff	degrees
8	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
9	Speed over Ground, True	x.x	knots
10	Course over Ground True	x.xx	degrees
11	Date	ddmmyy	UTC
12	Magnetic Variation	x.x	degrees
13	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
14	Mode*	x	alphanumeric
15	Checksum	xx	UTC

GPHDT

15+051:21:02:04.741 \$GPHDT,268.87,T*06

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPHDT		
3	Heading, True	x.xx	degrees
4	T = True (for previous)	x	T
5	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

GPGLL

16+077:00:00:00.725 \$GPGLL,6356.6505,S,05716.0002,W,000000,A,A*4F

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPGLL		
3	Latitude	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
4	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
5	Longitude	ddmm.mmmmmm	degrees
6	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
7	Time of Position (not received)	hhmmss.ss	UTC
8	Status*	x	A or V
9	Mode*	x	alphanumeric
10	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Status

A = Data Valid, V = Data not valid

Modes

A = GPS used, D = DGPS used, E = Dead reckoning used, M = Manual input mode, S = Simulator Mode, N = Invalid position / velocity

GPDTM

16+077:00:00:02.527 \$GPDTM,W84,,0000.0000,N,00000.0000,E,0.0,W84*5F

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$GPDTM		
3	Local Datum Code*	XXX	alphanumeric
4	Local datum subdivision code	x	numeric
6	Lat offset	x	alphanumeric
7	North or South (for previous)	x	N or S
8	Lon offset	x	alphanumeric
9	East or West (for previous)	x	E or W
10	Altitude offset, meters	x,x	numeric
11	Reference datum code*	xxx	alphanumeric
12	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Datum Codes

W84 = WGS84, W72 = WGS72, S85 = SGS85, P90 = PE90, 999 = User defined

PSXN 20

15+051:22:20:58.740 \$PSXN,20,1,0,0,0*3A

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$PSXN		
3	20		
4	Horizontal position and velocity quality*	x	0,1,2
5	Height and vertical velocity quality*	x	0,1,2
6	Heading quality*	x	0,1,2
7	Roll and pitch quality*	x	0,1,2
8	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Qualities

0 = Normal, 1 = Reduced Performance, 2 = Invalid data

PSXN 22

15+051:22:20:59.019 \$PSXN,22,0.43,0.50*3B

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$PSXN		
3	22		
4	Gyro calibration value since system startup	x.xx	degrees
5	Short-term gyro offset	x.xx	degrees
6	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

PSXN 23

15+051:22:20:58.748 \$PSXN,23,-0.20,-0.09,279.85,0.24*34

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$PSXN		
3	23		
4	Roll, port side up is positive	x.xx	degrees
5	Pitch, bow up is positive	x.xx	degrees
6	Heading, True	x.xx	degrees
7	Heave, positive is down	x.xx	m
8	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

Gyro Compass (gyr1)

15+055:20:27:23.653 \$HEHDT,087.31,T*12

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	\$HEHDT		
3	Heading	x.xx	degrees
4	T = True (for previous)	x	T
5	Checksum	xx	alphanumeric

ADCP Course (adcp)

15+049:20:20:57.327 \$PUHAW,UVH,-0.07,-4.59,179.3

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag		
2	\$PUHAW		
3	UVH		
4	Ship Speed relative to reference layer, east vector	x.xx	knots
5	Ship Speed relative to reference layer, north vector	x.xx	knots
6	Ship heading	x.xx	degrees

Processed Data /process**pCO₂ – Merged**

15+055:11:24:43.960 2015055.46596 2534.72 32.41 975.33 48.86 356.94 341.67 -1.20 -1.27 0.00 Equil -
 75.9209 178.9696 -1.435 33.852 2.26 7.86 137.38 975.34 163.80 9.31 253.75 NaN -1.27 33.84 -1.14 -
 1.0

Field	Data	Format	Unit
1	RVDAS time tag	yy+ddd:hh:mm:ss.sss	UTC
2	pCO ₂ time tag*	yyyyddd.ttt	UTC
3	Raw Voltage (IR)	xxxx.xx	mV
4	Cell Temperature	xx.xx	C
5	Equilibration Pressure	xxx.xx	mBar
6	Flowrate	xxx.xx	cm ³ /min
7	pCO ₂ Pressure	xxx.xx	μAtm
8	VCO ₂ Concentration	xx.xx	ppm
9	Equilibrator Temperature, RTD	xx.xx	C
10	Equilibrator Temperature, SBE38	xx.xx	C
11	Valve Position	xx	numeric
12	Flow Source*		text
13	Latitude	xx.xxxxx	degrees
14	Longitude	xxx.xxxxx	degrees
15	Sea Water Intake Temperature	xx.xxx	C
16	Sea Surface Salinity	xx.xxx	PSU
17	Sea Surface Fluorometry	x.xxx	mg/m ³
18	True Wind Speed	x.xx	m/s
19	True Wind Direction	x.xx	degrees
20	Barometric Pressure	xxx.xx	mBar
21	Hydro-Lab H ₂ O Flow Rate	xxx.x	l / min
22	Speed over Ground	x.xx	knots
23	Course Made Good	xx.xx	degrees
24	Unused		
25	TSG2 Temperature	x.xx	C
26	TSG2 Salinity	xx.xx	PSU
27	TSG1 Temperature	x.xx	C
28	Sea Water Valve*	x	-1 or 0

pCO₂ time tag

ttt = fractional time of day

Flow Source

Equil = pCO₂ Measurement

Sea Water Valve

-1 = Stern Thruster Valve, 0 = Moon Pool Valve

Calculations

PAR

Coefficients `parc1` and `parcv` for this cruise can be found in the `instrument.coeff` file as the variable labeled PAR, respectively. Variable `par` is the raw data in mV, as described in the “`mw1x`” file description. The calibration scale and probe offset dark are values taken from the PAR Cal Sheet.

```
par = raw data mV
calibration scale = 5.8644 V/(μEinstiens/cm2sec)
parc1 = 1 / scale = .17
probe offset dark = -.1 mV
parcv = dark x 1000 mV/V = -0.0001 V
((par / 1000 mV/V) - parcv) x parc1 x 10000 cm2/m2 = μEinstiens/m2sec
```

Calculations (extracted from the C code):

```
/* Convert from mV to V */
par /= 1000;
/* (par V - vdark V) / Calibration Scale Factor V/uE/cm2sec */
parCalc = (par - parcv) * parc1 * 10000;
```

PSP

Coefficient `pspCoeff` for this cruise can be found in the `instrument.coeff` file as the variable labeled PSP1. Variable `psp` is the raw data in mV, as described in the “`mw1x`” file description.

```
psp = raw data mV
calibration scale = pspCoeff x 10^-6 V/(W/m2)
psp / (scale x 1000 mV/V) = W/m2
```

Calculations (extracted from the C code):

```
/* Convert from mV to W/m^2 */
pspCalc = (psp * 1000 / pspCoeff);
```

PIR

Coefficient pirCoeff for this cruise can be found in the `instrument.coeff` file as the variable labeled PIR1. Variable `pir_thermo` is the raw data in mV, `pir_case` is the PIR case temperature in Kelvins and `pir_dome` is the PIR dome temperature in Kelvins, as described in the “`mwx1`” file description. Hard-coded “C” coefficients are shown below:

```
Dome constant = 3.5
```

```
Sigma = 5.6704e-8
```

```
pir_thermo = raw data mV
calibration scale = pirCoeff x 10^-6 V/(W/m^2)
pir_thermo / (scale x 1000 mV/V) = W/m^2
```

Calculations (extracted from the C code):

```
/* convert mV to W/m^2 */
pirCalc = (pir_thermo * 1000 / pirCoeff)
/* correct for case temperature */
pirCalc += sigma * pow(pir_case,4)
/* correct for dome temperature */
pirCalc -= 3.5 * sigma * (pow(pir_dome, 4) - pow(pir_case, 4))
```

Acquisition Problems and Events

This section lists problems with acquisition noted during this cruise including instrument failures, data acquisition system failures and any other factor affecting this data set. The format is yy+ddd:hh:mm (ddd is year-day, hh is hour, and mm is minute). Times are reported in UTC.

Start	End	Description
17+358:05:49		Data collection begins. 5846.501376 S, 07323.441282 W
17+363:04:55	17+363:05:50	Knudsen data missing, failed to ping
17+363	17+365	Seapath330 intermittently lost tracking, files missing chunks of data
18+007:16:34	18+007:17:30	TSG1 OFF, cleaning fluorometer and transmissometer
18+007:15:00	18+007:16:27	TSG2 OFF, cleaning fluorometer and transmissometer
18+009:17:39	18+012:19:16	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
18+016:01:59	18+016:18:57	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
18+017:22:21	18+018:12:14	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
18+019:02:34	18+022:21:58	Data collection shut off while in port at McMurdo Station
18+029:19:45	18+030:02:00	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
18+030:22:26	18+031:03:45	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
18+039:23:19	18+040:04:33	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
18+040:00:41	18+040:00:58	PC02 shut off for troubleshooting
18+041:20:40	18+041:23:41	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
18+047:00:16	18+047:05:25	ADCP OFF, interfering with EK60 use
	18+059:04:00	Data collection completes. 4719.378235 S, 14911.910051 E

Appendix A: Sensors

NBP18-01 Sensors

Sensor	Description	Serial	Last Cal Date	Comments
Meteorology and Radiometry				
Port Anemometer	Gill Instruments 1390-PK-062	924057	11/18/2009	
Stbd Anemometer	Gill Instruments 1390-PK-062	847014	9/29/2010	
Bridge Anemometer	RM Young 5106	WM128975	10/27/2011	ECO Use
Barometer	RM Young 61201	01705	1/22/2016	
Barometer	Vaisala	M2750443	7/13/2016	
Temperature / Humidity	RM Young 4138LC2	06733	10/6/2016	
PIR	Eppley PIR	33023F3	10/19/2016	
PSP	Eppley PSP	33090F3	10/18/2016	
PAR (Mast)	Biospherical Instruments QSR-2200	20531	3/8/2017	
GUV (Mast)	Biospherical Instruments GUV-2511	25110203113	5/31/2017	
PRR (Mast)	Biospherical Instruments PRR-810	8100803115	8/10/2017	
PRR (Underwater)	Biospherical Instruments PRR-800	8000803115	8/10/2017	

Sensor	Description	Serial	Last Cal Date	Comments
Underway Seawater Sampling System				
Micro-TSG	Sea-Bird SBE 45	4549120-0226	2/19/2017	Primary
Micro-TSG	Sea-Bird SBE 45	4566350-0389	10/5/2016	Secondary
Digital Remote Temp	Sea-Bird SBE 38	3846730-0323	1/23/2016	
Transmissometer	WetLabs C-Star	CST-889DR	9/18/2017	
Fluorometer	WetLabs FLRTD	FLRTD-855	1/27/2016	

Sensor	Description	Serial	Last Cal Date	Comments
CTD				
Altimeter	Valeport VA-500	51520	7/10/2015	
Carousel Water Sampler	Sea-Bird SBE 32	3270675-0925	NA	
SBE 11+ Deck Unit	Sea-Bird SBE 11+	11P47914-0768	NA	
Conductivity (Primary)	Sea-Bird 4 - 02/O	041314	12/1/2016	
Conductivity (Secondary)	Sea-Bird 4C 6800m	041798	3/22/2016	
Transmissometer	WetLabs C-Star	CST-439DR	7/29/2016	
Fluorometer	WetLabs FLRTD	FLRTD-1482	3/19/2016	
CTD Fish	Sea-Bird SBE 9+	91480	1/19/2017	
CTD Pressure Sensor	Paroscientific 410K-105	53952	1/19/2017	
Dissolved Oxygen	Sea-Bird SBE 43	0150	11/18/2016	Primary
Dissolved Oxygen	Sea-Bird SBE 43	0155	11/18/2016	Secondary
CTD Pump 1	Sea-Bird 5T, PN 90160	055641 3.0K	1/3/2017	Primary (removed 2/5/18)
CTD Pump 2	Sea-Bird 5T, PN 90543	055643 3.0K	1/3/2017	Secondary (removed 2/5/15)

CTD Pump 3	Sea-Bird 5T	05T-1626 3.0K	8/8/2017	Primary (Replaced Pump 1 on 2/5/17)
CTD Pump 4	Sea-Bird 5T	05T-1627 3.0K	8/8/2017	Secondary (Replaced Pump 2 on 2/5/17)
PAR	Biospherical Instruments QSP-2300	4721	7/27/2016	
Temperature	Sea-Bird 3-02/F	031649	3/14/2016	Primary
Temperature	Sea-Bird 3plus 6800m	03P5730	2/26/2016	Secondary

Sensor	Description	Serial	Last Cal Date	Comments
Trace Metal CTD				
Altimeter	Valeport VA-500	56636	9/16/2016	
Carousel Water Sampler	Sea-Bird SBE-32 (12 bottle)	32-1052	NA	
Conductivity (Primary)	Sea-Bird 4C 10500m	044067	1/6/2017	
Conductivity (Secondary)	Sea-Bird 4C 10500m	044670	3/16/2017	
Transmissometer	WetLabs C-Star	CST-892DR	11/10/2016	Zinc removed for TM
Fluorometer	WetLabs ECO-FL	FLRTD-3928	12/19/2016	
CTD Fish	Sea-Bird SBE 9+	09-1315	3/16/2017	
CTD Pressure Sensor	Paroscientific 410K-134	138503	3/16/2017	
Dissolved Oxygen	Sea-Bird SBE 43 7000m	2267	8/2/2017	Primary (Bad on cast TM011)
Dissolved Oxygen	Sea-Bird SBE 43 7000m	3178	1/6/2017	Secondary
CTD Pump 1	Sea-Bird 5T 10500m	058275	1/19/2017	Primary
CTD Pump 2	Sea-Bird 5T 10500m	059000	1/23/2017	Secondary
PAR	Biospherical Instruments QSP-2350	70555	12/12/2016	Added on Leg II, after Cast TMC013
Temperature	Sea-Bird 3plus 10500m	03P5977	3/16/2017	Primary
Temperature	Sea-Bird 3plus 10500m	03P6118	3/16/2017	Secondary

Appendix B: Calibration Sheets

Gravity

BGM3 ship-to-shore gravity tie report

AUKON/CHIN, vessel: R/V Palmer

Release Date: 2017/06/17 03:11:38 UTC

Sensor: S210

Software version: 1.2

Port/Pier/Berth: LYTTLETON PIER 7

Gravity station number	486732A CHRISTCHURCH
Station name	NEW ZEALAND NATIONAL GRAVITY BASE STATION
mGal at pier	980505.71
Tie start time UTC	2017/06/17 02:10:19.792
Samples used	3600
Land tie used	Yes
Water height to pier 1	12 ft 3 in
Water height to pier 2	12 ft 8 in
Water height to pier 3	12 ft 11 in
Average of filtered counts	25034.809182694
Filter length	181
Scale factor	4.994070552
NEW BIAS	855481.29

Table 1: Gravity tie information

Meteorology

Anemometers

Cal sheet not required

Barometer



R.M. Young Company
1801 Aero Park Drive
Traverse City, Michigan 49686 USA

CALIBRATION REPORT
Barometric Pressure

Customer: *Lockheed Martin*

Test Number: 6122-01B
Test Date: 22 January 2016

Customer PO: 4102344091
Sales Order: 5254

Test Sensor:
Model: 61201 Serial Number: BP01705
Description: Barometric Pressure Sensor

Report of calibration comparison of test barometric pressure sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard pressure calibrator at five pressures in the R.M. Young Company controlled pressure facility. Calibration accuracy ± 1.0 hPa.

Reference Pressure (hPa)	Voltage Output (millivolts)	Indicated (1) Pressure (hPa)
800.0	0	800.0
875.0	1250	875.0
950.0	2501	950.0
1025.0	3750	1025.0
1100.0	4998	1099.9

(1) Calculated from voltage output

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Tested By: R. Pennington

M E T E O R O L O G I C A L I N S T R U M E N T S
Tel: 231-946-3880 Fax: 231-545-4772 Email: met.sales@youngusa.com Website: youngusa.com
ISO 9001:2008 CERTIFIED

Barometer

VAISALA

1 (1)
Certificate report no. H44-16280021

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Instrument PTB210B Digital Barometer
Serial number M2750443
Manufacturer Vaisala Oyj, Finland
Calibration date 13th July 2016

The above instrument was calibrated by comparing the readings of the instrument to the factory working standard of Vaisala.

The pressure readings of the factory working standard have been calibrated at an ISO/IEC 17025 accredited calibration laboratory (FINAS), Vaisala Measurement Standards Laboratory (MSL), by using MSL working standards traceable to NIST.

Calibration results			
Reference hPa	Observed hPa	Correction* hPa	Acceptance limit hPa
510.0	510.0	0.0	± 0.2
610.0	610.0	0.0	± 0.2
700.0	700.0	0.0	± 0.2
810.0	810.0	0.0	± 0.2
910.0	910.0	0.0	± 0.2
950.0	950.0	0.0	± 0.2
1000.0	1000.0	0.0	± 0.2
1098.0	1098.0	0.0	± 0.2

*To obtain the true pressure, add the correction to the barometer reading.
 Interpolated corrections may be used at intermediate readings of the scale of the barometer.

Equipment used in calibration

Type PPC4	Serial number 670	Calibration date 2015-08-21	Certificate number K008-Y01089
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Ambient Conditions

Humidity	39 %RH ± 5 %RH
Temperature	21 °C ± 1 °C
Pressure	1002 hPa ± 1 hPa


Technician

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Vaisala.

doc223087-B

Vaisala Oyj | PO Box 26, FI-00421 Helsinki, Finland

Temperature / Humidity

R.M. Young Company
2801 Aero Park Drive
Traverse City, Michigan 49686 USA

CALIBRATION REPORT
Temperature

Customer *Lockheed Martin*

Test Number 8006-01T
Test Date 6 October 2016

Customer PO: 4102885716
Sales Order: 5771

<u>Test Sensor:</u>	
Model: 41382LC2	Serial Number: TS06733
Description: Temperature/Relative Humidity Sensor	

Report of calibration comparison of test temperature sensor with National Institute of Standards and Technology traceable standard thermometer at three temperatures in the R.M. Young Company controlled temperature calibration facilities. Calibration accuracy $\pm 0.2^\circ$ Celsius.

Reference Temperature (degrees C)	Current Output (mA)	Indicated (1) Temperature (degrees C)	Calculated (2) Temperature (degrees C)
45.29	19.27	45.47	45.28
19.95	15.24	20.27	19.97
-10.38	10.41	-9.84	-10.38

(1) Calculated from current output.

(2) Calculated values using derived formula: $T = -75.745 + mA \times 6.27899$

All reference equipment used in this calibration procedure have been tested by comparison to traceable standards certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Reference Instrument	Serial #	NIST Test Reference
Brooklyn Thermometer Model 43-FC	8006-118	W204690
Brooklyn Thermometer Model 22332-D5-FC	25071	W204691
Brooklyn Thermometer Model 2X400-D7-FC	77532	W204692
Keithley Multimeter Model 191	15232	7124815

Tested By: S. Sage

M E T E O R O L O G I C A L I N S T R U M E N T S
Tel 231-946-3880 Fax 231-946-4772 Email: met.sals@youngusa.com Website: youngusa.com
ISO 9001:2008 CERTIFIED

PIR



THE EPPELEY LABORATORY, INC.

12 Sheffield Avenue, PO Box 419, Newport, Rhode Island USA 02840
 Phone: 401.847.1020 Fax: 401.847.1031 Email: info@eppleyleab.com

Calibration Certificate

Instrument: Precision Infrared Radiometer, Model PIR, Serial Number 33023F3

Procedure: This pyrgeometer was compared against Eppley's Blackbody Calibration System under radiation intensities of approximately 350 Wm^{-2} with an average ambient temperature of 23°C according to procedures described in Technical Procedure, TP05 of The Eppley Laboratory, Inc.'s Quality Assurance Manual on Calibrations.

Transfer Standard: Eppley Precision Infrared Radiometer, Model PIR, Serial Number 32227F3

Results: Sensitivity: $S = 3.91 \mu\text{V / Wm}^{-2}$

Uncertainty: $U_{95} = \pm 1.7\%$ (95% confidence level, $k=2$)

Resistance: 739Ω at 23°C

Date of Test: October 19, 2016

Traceability: This calibration is traceable to the International Practical Temperature Scale (IPTS). Additionally, transfer standard PIR 432227F3 provides traceability to the World Infrared Standard Group (WISG) of pyrgeometers housed at the Infrared Radiometry Section of the World Radiation Centre (WRC-IRS). Unless otherwise stated in the remarks section below or on the Sales Order, the results of this calibration are "AS FOUND / AS LEFT".

Due Date: Eppley recommends a minimum calibration cycle of five (5) years but encourages annual calibrations for highest measurement accuracy.

Customer: Leidos Innovations Corp
Port Hueneme, CA

Signatures: T. GIENTY In Charge of Test:

Thomas J. Kueh
Reviewed by:

Eppley SO 64821

Date of Certificate October 19, 2016

Remarks: Customer Instrument #866-00030843

End of Report

PSP



THE EPPELEY LABORATORY, INC.

12 Sheffield Avenue, PO Box 419, Newport, Rhode Island USA 02840
 Phone: 401.847.1020 Fax: 401.847.1031 Email: info@eppeleylab.com

Calibration Certificate

Instrument: Precision Spectral Pyranometer, Model PSP, Serial Number 330901-3

Procedure: This pyranometer was compared in Eppley's Integrating Hemisphere according to procedures described in *ISO 9847 Section 5.3.7* and Technical Procedure, TP01 of The Eppley Laboratory, Inc.'s Quality Assurance Manual on Calibrations.

Transfer Standard: Eppley Standard Precision Pyranometer, Model SPP, Serial Number 37501F3

Results: **Sensitivity:** $S = 7.90 \mu\text{V} / \text{Wm}^{-2}$

Uncertainty: $U_{95} = \pm 0.91\%$ (95% confidence level, k=2)

Resistance: 700 Ω at 23°C

Date of Test: October 18, 2016

Traceability: This calibration is traceable to the World Radiation Reference (WRR) through comparisons with Eppley's AHP standard self-calibrating cavity pyrheliometers which participated in the Twelfth International Pyrheliometric Comparisons (IPC XII) at Davos, Switzerland in September-October 2015. Unless otherwise stated in the remarks section below or on the Sales Order, the results of this calibration are "AS FOUND / AS LEFT".

Due Date: Eppley recommends a minimum calibration cycle of five (5) years but encourages annual calibrations for highest measurement accuracy.

Customer: Leidos Innovations Corp
Port Hueneme, CA

D. GENTRY

Signatures: In Charge of Test:

Thomas J. Kuk

Reviewed by:

Eppley SO: 64822

Date of Certificate: October 19, 2016

Remarks: Customer Instrument ID #866-00038044

End of Report

PAR (Mast)**Biospherical Instruments Inc.****CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Calibration Date	3/8/2017
Model Number	QSR2200
Serial Number	20531
Operator	TPC
Standard Lamp	91453(7/20/16)
Probe Excitation Voltage Range:	6 to 18 VDC(+)
Output Polarity:	POSITIVE

Probe Conditions at Calibration (in air):

Calibration Voltage:	6	VDC(+)
Probe Current:	4.0	mA

Probe Output Voltage:

Probe Illuminated	90.1	mV
Probe Dark	1.0	mV
Probe Net Response	89.1	mV
RG780	1.1	mV

Corrected Lamp OutputOutput in Air (same condition as calibrator):

8.379E+15	quanta/cm ² /sec
0.013914	uE/cm ² /sec

Calibrator Scale Factor:

(To calculate irradiance, divide the net voltage reading in Volts by this value.)

Dry:	1.0633E-17	W/(quanta/cm ² /sec)
	9.4030E-00	W/(uE/cm ² /sec)

Notes:

1. Annual calibration is recommended.
2. Calibration is performed using a Standard of Spectral Irradiance traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
3. The collector should be cleaned frequently with alcohol.
4. Calibration was performed with customer cable, when available.

GUV (Mast)**Biospherical Instruments Inc.****System Calibration Certificate****THE INSTRUMENTS REFERENCED BELOW WERE FACTORY TESTED AND CALIBRATED BY****BIOSPHERICAL INSTRUMENTS INC.**

5340 Riley Street

San Diego, California 92110 USA

Instruments: GUV-2511 No 25110203113**Optical Calibrations:**

NIST Traceability. For wavelengths longer than 313 nm, the specific instruments cited here were calibrated using a 1000W FEL #V-039 (7/20/16) following procedures and standards traceable to NIST Standard of Spectral Irradiance F-616. Traceability paths and all procedures for all calibrated lamps and associated apparatus (shunts, power supplies, DMMs, etc) are maintained following calibration methodologies per National Bureau of Standards (US) (NBS) Special Publication 250-20 Spectral Irradiance Calibrations (1987) and NBS Publication 594-13 Optical Radiation Measurements: The 1973 Scale of Spectral Irradiance (1977).

Solar Calibrations. Lamp calibrations are problematic for solar UV measurements (wavelengths below 320 nm) because the solar spectrum is radically different from the lamp spectrum and changes greatly as a function of wavelength. Solar calibrations are achieved through direct comparison with measurements of a high resolution scanning spectroradiometer in San Diego (SUV-100), which is part of the National Science Foundation's UV Monitoring Network. The SUV-100 instrument has a bandwidth of 1 nm. Calibrated filter radiometer data therefore report spectral irradiance at the channel's nominal wavelengths with a bandwidth of 1 nm. Solar calibrations are typically accurate to within $\pm 10\%$ for solar zenith angles smaller than 75° . At larger solar zenith angles, UV channels have a greater uncertainty due to the rapid change of the solar UV spectrum.

Note that this certificate contains a subset of the information delivered in the calibration database 25110203113v9.mdb. This database is required for operation of this system using Biospherical Instruments Inc.'s Logger® software.

PRR (Mast & Underwater)**Biospherical Instruments Inc.****System Calibration Certificate**

THE INSTRUMENTS REFERENCED BELOW WERE FACTORY TESTED AND CALIBRATED BY

BIOSPHERICAL INSTRUMENTS INC.5340 Riley Street
San Diego, California 92110 USA**Instrument: PRR-800/810 System #115****Optical Calibrations:**

NIST Traceability. The specific instruments cited here were calibrated using a 1000W FEL #V-040(7/20/16) following procedures and standards traceable to NIST Standard of Spectral Irradiance F616. Traceability paths and all procedures for all calibrated lamps and associated apparatus (shunts, power supplies, etc) are maintained following calibration methodologies per National Bureau of Standards (US) (NBS) Special Publication 250-20 Spectral Irradiance Calibrations (1987) and NBS Publication 594-13 Optical Radiation Measurements: The 1973 Scale of Spectral Irradiance (1977).

Note that this certificate contains a subset of the information delivered in the calibration database 8000803115v12.mdb. This database is required for operation of this system using Biospherical Instruments Inc.'s Profiler® software.

Underway Seawater Sampling System

Micro-TSG 1

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0226
 CALIBRATION DATE: 19-Feb-17

SBE 45 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
 PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -1.013733e+000	CPcor = -9.5700e-008
h = 1.569130e-001	CTcor = 3.2500e-006
i = -5.222989e-004	WBOTC = 9.8072e-007
j = 6.723089e-005	

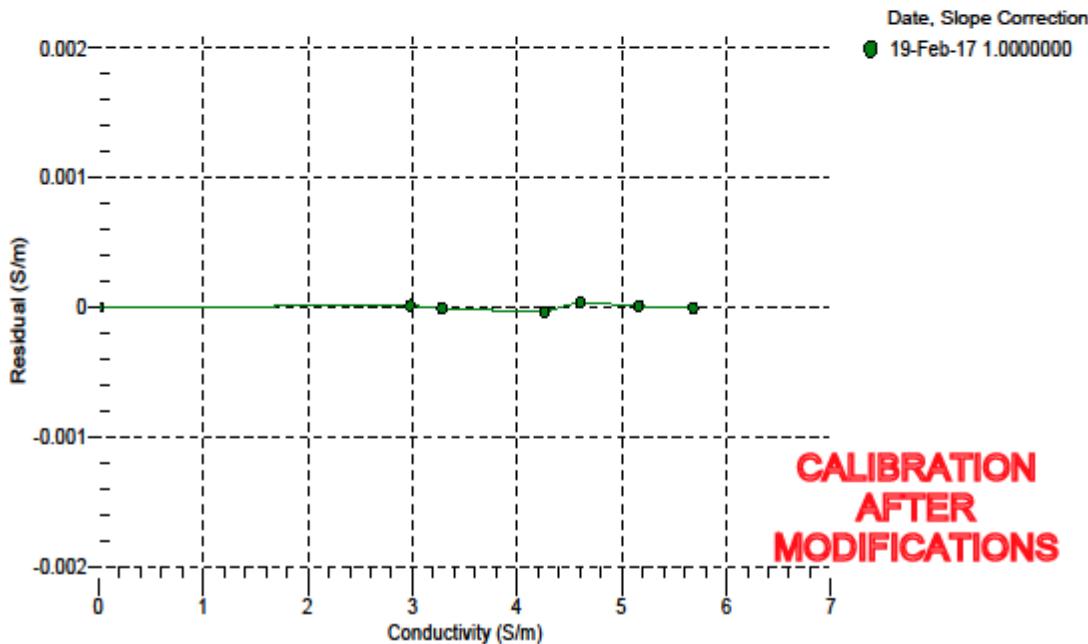
BATH TEMP (° C)	BATH SAL (PSU)	BATH COND (S/m)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (Hz)	INSTRUMENT COND (S/m)	RESIDUAL (S/m)
22.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2548.99	0.00000	0.00000
1.0000	34.7782	2.97302	5055.47	2.97303	0.00001
4.4999	34.7582	3.27977	5245.81	3.27976	-0.00001
15.0001	34.7152	4.26053	5811.87	4.26049	-0.00004
18.5000	34.7063	4.60535	5997.94	4.60538	0.00004
24.0000	34.6972	5.16286	6286.70	5.16287	0.00001
29.0000	34.6931	5.68441	6544.93	5.68440	-0.00001
32.5000	34.6918	6.05673	6722.93	6.05661	-0.00012

$$f = \text{Instrument Output(Hz)} * \sqrt{1.0 + \text{WBOTC} * t} / 1000.0$$

t = temperature (°C); p = pressure (decibars); δ = CTcor; ε = CPcor;

$$\text{Conductivity (S/m)} = (g + h * f^2 + i * f^3 + j * f^4) / 10 (1 + \delta * t + \epsilon * p)$$

Residual (Siemens/meter) = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity



Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0226
 CALIBRATION DATE: 19-Feb-17

SBE 45 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

COEFFICIENTS:

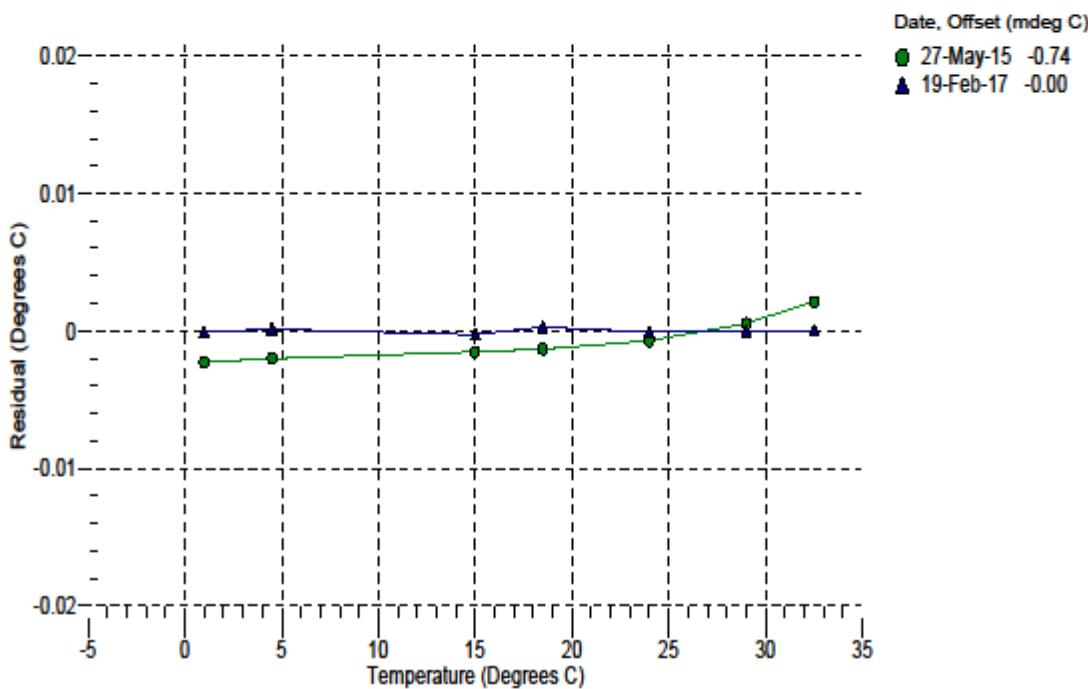
a0 = -1.625436e-004
 a1 = 3.092515e-004
 a2 = -4.990410e-006
 a3 = 2.190124e-007

BATH TEMP (° C)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (counts)	INST TEMP (° C)	RESIDUAL (° C)
1.0000	744277.3	0.9999	-0.0001
4.4999	636452.3	4.5000	0.0001
15.0001	405760.1	14.9998	-0.0003
18.5000	351373.2	18.5003	0.0003
24.0000	281929.6	23.9999	-0.0001
29.0000	232180.3	29.0000	-0.0000
32.5000	203348.2	32.5000	0.0000

n = Instrument Output (counts)

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90 (°C)} = 1/\{a0 + a1[\ln(n)] + a2[\ln^2(n)] + a3[\ln^3(n)]\} - 273.15$$

Residual (°C) = instrument temperature - bath temperature



Micro-TSG2

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0389
 CALIBRATION DATE: 05-Oct-16

SBE 45 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
 PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -1.011215e+000	CPCor = -9.5700e-008
h = 1.476175e-001	CTcor = 3.2500e-006
i = -8.280491e-004	WBOTC = 1.2700e-007
j = 7.730207e-005	

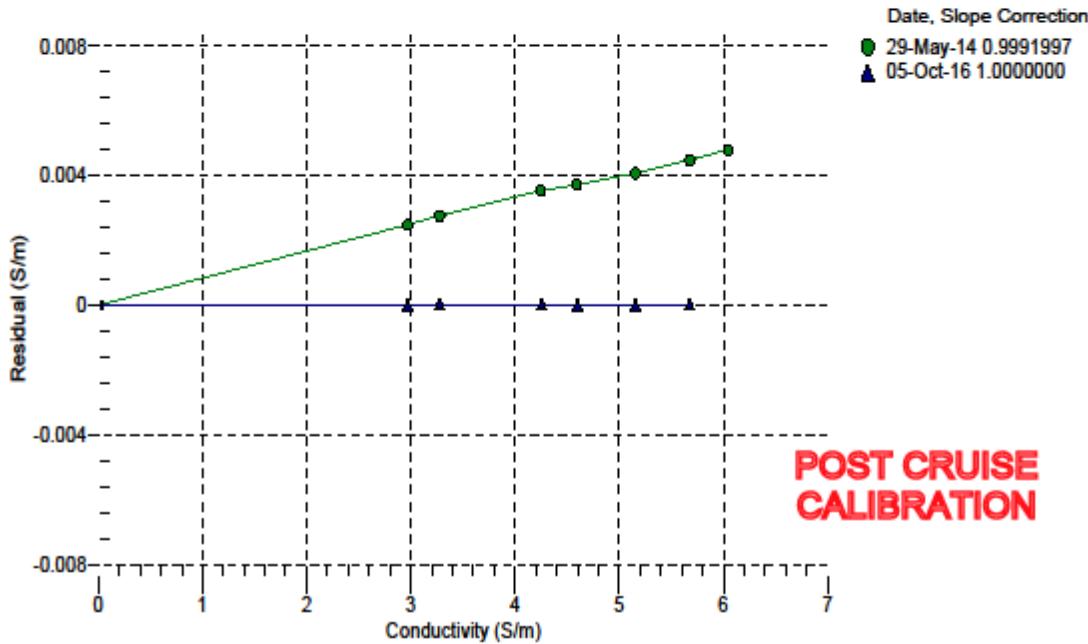
BATH TEMP (° C)	BATH SAL (PSU)	BATH COND (S/m)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (Hz)	INSTRUMENT COND (S/m)	RESIDUAL (S/m)
22.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2631.99	0.00000	0.00000
1.0000	34.7178	2.96835	5231.58	2.96833	-0.00002
4.5000	34.6978	3.27464	5429.24	3.27466	0.00002
14.9999	34.6545	4.25385	6016.97	4.25386	0.00001
18.5000	34.6448	4.59807	6210.08	4.59806	-0.00001
24.0000	34.6345	5.15456	6509.85	5.15455	-0.00002
29.0000	34.6289	5.67507	6777.88	5.67508	0.00001
32.5000	34.6261	6.04656	6962.65	6.04663	0.00007

$$f = \text{Instrument Output(Hz)} * \sqrt{1.0 + \text{WBOTC} * t} / 1000.0$$

t = temperature (°C); p = pressure (decibars); δ = CTcor; ε = CPCor;

$$\text{Conductivity (S/m)} = (g + h * f^2 + i * f^4 + j * f^6) / 10 (1 + \delta * t + \epsilon * p)$$

Residual (Siemens/meter) = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity



Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0389
 CALIBRATION DATE: 05-Oct-16

SBE 45 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

COEFFICIENTS:

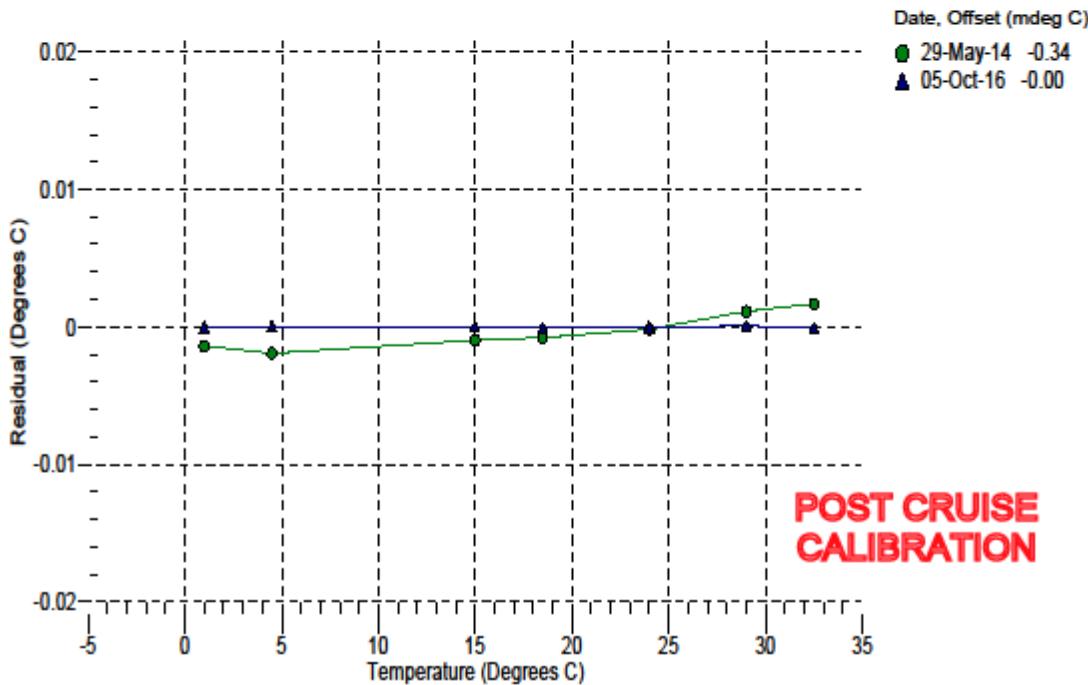
a0 = 3.090837e-005
 a1 = 2.658070e-004
 a2 = -1.844963e-006
 a3 = 1.332162e-007

BATH TEMP (° C)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (counts)	INST TEMP (° C)	RESIDUAL (° C)
1.0000	828418.5	1.0000	-0.0000
4.5000	706628.0	4.5000	0.0000
14.9999	447305.9	14.9999	0.0000
18.5000	386484.7	18.4999	-0.0001
24.0000	309027.4	24.0000	-0.0000
29.0000	253718.2	29.0001	0.0001
32.5000	221745.8	32.4999	-0.0001

n = Instrument Output (counts)

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90 (°C)} = 1 / \{a0 + a1[\ln(n)] + a2[\ln^2(n)] + a3[\ln^3(n)]\} - 273.15$$

Residual (°C) = instrument temperature - bath temperature



Digital Remote Temp

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0323
 CALIBRATION DATE: 23-Jan-16

SBE 38 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

COEFFICIENTS:

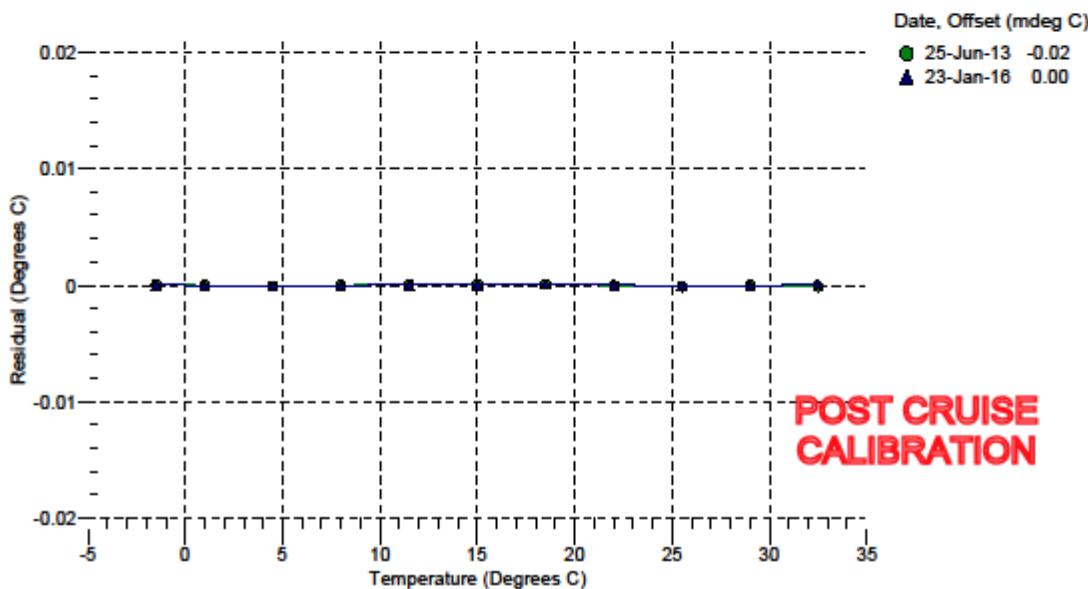
a0 = 1.374421e-005
 a1 = 2.751852e-004
 a2 = -2.335169e-006
 a3 = 1.567304e-007

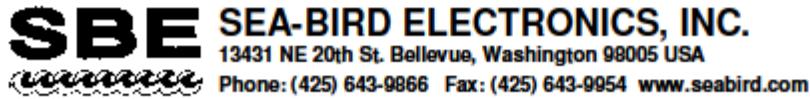
BATH TEMP (° C)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (counts)	INST TEMP (° C)	RESIDUAL (° C)
-1.5000	711106.6	-1.5000	0.0000
1.0000	635152.2	1.0000	-0.0000
4.5000	543801.6	4.4999	-0.0001
8.0000	467106.4	8.0000	-0.0000
11.5000	402497.5	11.5000	0.0000
15.0000	347892.6	15.0000	0.0000
18.5000	301594.1	18.5001	0.0001
22.0000	262216.7	22.0000	0.0000
25.4999	228625.3	25.4998	-0.0001
29.0002	199879.9	29.0001	-0.0001
32.5000	175217.4	32.5001	0.0001

n = Instrument Output (counts)

Temperature ITS-90 (°C) = 1/(a0 + a1[n(n)] + a2[n^2(n)] + a3[n^3(n)]) - 273.15

Residual (°C) = instrument temperature - bath temperature





Temperature Calibration Report

Customer:	Lockheed Martin Antarctic Support		
Job Number:	86706	Date of Report:	1/25/2016
Model Number	SBE 38	Serial Number:	3846167-0323

Temperature sensors are normally calibrated 'as received', without adjustments, allowing a determination sensor drift. If the calibration identifies a problem, then a second calibration is performed after work is completed. The 'as received' calibration is not performed if the sensor is damaged or non-functional, or by customer request.

An 'as received' calibration certificate is provided, listing coefficients to convert sensor frequency to temperature. Users must choose whether the 'as received' calibration or the previous calibration better represents the sensor condition during deployment. In SEASOFT enter the chosen coefficients. The coefficient 'offset' allows a small correction for drift between calibrations (consult the SEASOFT manual). Calibration coefficients obtained after a repair apply only to subsequent data.

'AS RECEIVED CALIBRATION'

Performed Not Performed

Date:

Drift since last cal: Degrees Celsius/year

Comments:

'CALIBRATION AFTER REPAIR'

Performed Not Performed

Date:

Drift since Last cal: Degrees Celsius/year

Comments:

Transmissometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

C-Star Calibration

Date	9.18.17	S/N#	CST-889DR	Pathlength	25 cm
V_d		Analog output	Digital output		
V_{air}		0.002 V	0 counts		
V_{ref}		4.774 V	15718 counts		
		4.700 V	15477 counts		
Temperature of calibration water				22.9 °C	
Ambient temperature during calibration				22.9 °C	

Relationship of transmittance (Tr) to beam attenuation coefficient (c), and pathlength (x, in meters): $Tr = e^{-cx}$

To determine beam transmittance: $Tr = (V_{sig} - V_{dark}) / (V_{ref} - V_{dark})$

To determine beam attenuation coefficient: $c = -1/x * \ln (Tr)$

V_d Meter output with the beam blocked. This is the offset.

V_{air} Meter output in air with a clear beam path.

V_{ref} Meter output with clean water in the path.

Temperature of calibration water: temperature of clean water used to obtain V_{ref} .

Ambient temperature: meter temperature in air during the calibration.

V_{sig} Measured signal output of meter.

Fluorometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

ECO Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization Sheet

Date: 1/27/2016

S/N: FLRTD-855

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in $\mu\text{g/l}$ can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{CHL } (\mu\text{g/l}) = \text{Scale Factor} * (\text{Output} - \text{Dark Counts})$$

	Analog Range 1	Analog Range 2	Analog Range 4 (default)	Digital
Dark Counts	0.117	0.072	0.050 V	72 counts
Scale Factor (SF)	8	15	30 $\mu\text{g/l}/\text{V}$	0.0092 $\mu\text{g/l}/\text{count}$
Maximum Output	4.98	4.98	4.98 V	16326 counts
Resolution	0.6	0.6	0.6 mV	1.0 counts

Ambient temperature during characterization

22.3 °C

Analog Range: 1 (most sensitive, 0–4,000 counts), 2 (midrange, 0–8,000 counts), 4 (entire range, 0–16,000 counts).

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

SF: Determined using the following equation: SF = x ÷ (output - dark counts), where x is the concentration of the solution used during instrument characterization. SF is used to derive instrument output concentration from the raw signal output of the fluorometer.

Maximum Output: Maximum signal output the fluorometer is capable of.

Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data.

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-a concentrations *in-situ* is highly variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer, you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction-based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determining chlorophyll concentration see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" part 10200 H, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and the Water Environment Federation.

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

Date 1/27/2016 Customer Lockheed Antarctic Support Co. / Dave Morehouse

S/N# FLRTD-855 Technician SML

Diagnosis

Evaluated instrument and found no problems.

Repairs

Standard Service performed. Verified tuning, tested, and characterized instrument. Replaced case seals.

ECO Standard Service Definition

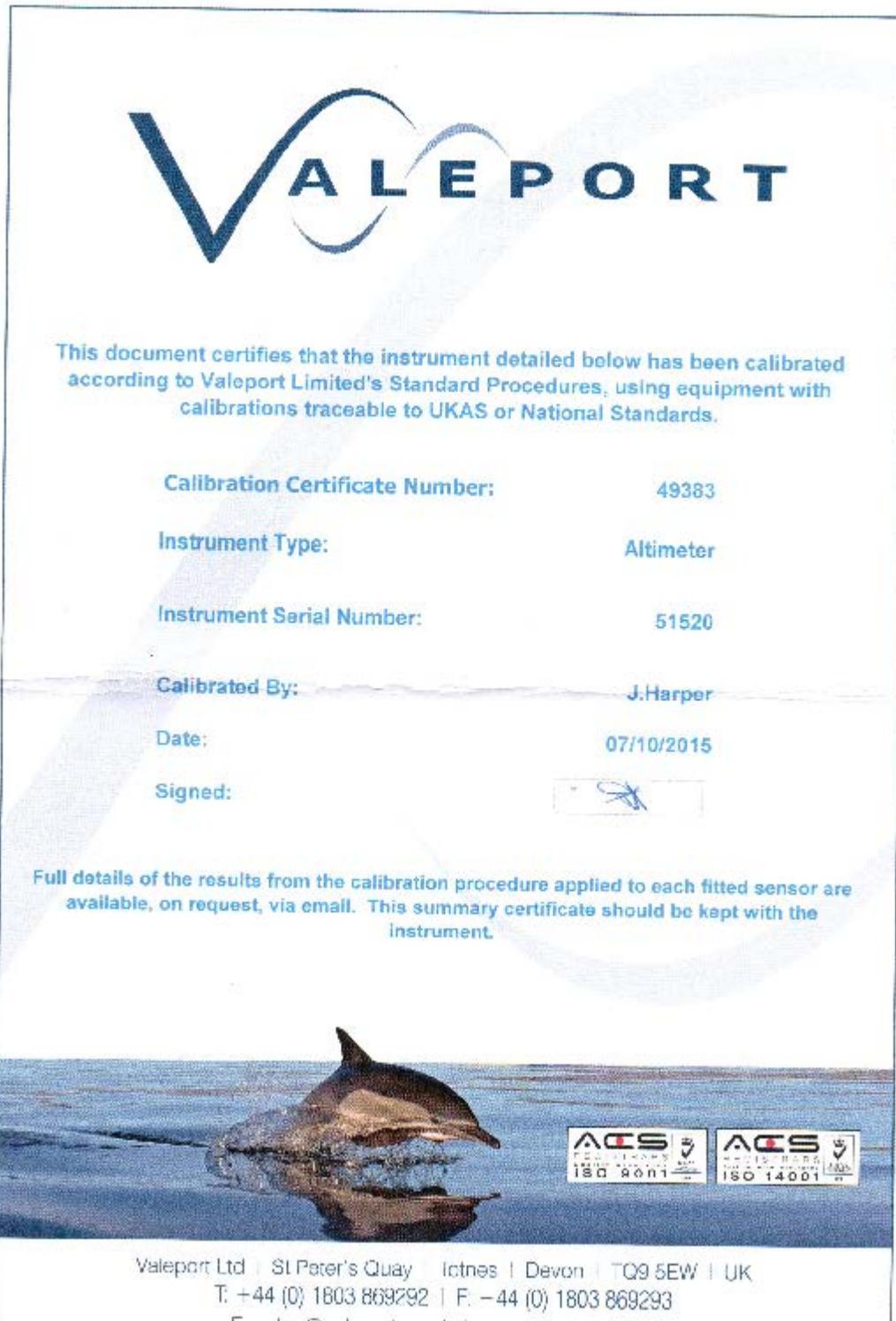
The bulkhead connector, pressure housing and window on the instrument are first inspected for possible damage.
The instrument then is powered on and the current data is checked to determine if the instrument is working properly.
The instrument pre-service characterization is performed.
The head is next inspected for cracks in the LED, the detector and the motor bores.
The digital and analog operations are checked.
The instruments scaling is checked with dye or scatter proxy as determined by the instrument type.
The firmware version on the instrument is updated as necessary.
The case seals, desiccant, shaft seal, faceplate, and shaft are replaced as the instrument is reassembled.
The instrument is rescaled if needed after reassembly.
Standard testing is performed on the instrument and characterized before being returned to the customer.

ECO Standard Testing Definition

- Performed noise test: 1 sample/sec for 60 sec
- Performed stability test: 1 sample/sec for 12 hrs as needed
- Performed thermistor calibration if installed
- Performed live 6hr pressure test: 5 samples every 4 minutes as needed
- Pressure-tested unit
- Completed instrument characterization
- Updated unit's characterization sheet and included on CD
- Updated unit's device file and included on CD

CTD

Altimeter



Conductivity (primary)**Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 1314
 CALIBRATION DATE: 01-Dec-16

SBE 4 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
 PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

$g = -3.96047725e+000$	$CPcor = -9.5700e-008$ (nominal)
$h = 4.57902311e-001$	$CTcor = 3.2500e-006$ (nominal)
$i = -8.86036213e-005$	
$j = 2.95672674e-005$	

BATH TEMP (°C)	BATH SAL (PSU)	BATH COND (S/m)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (kHz)	INSTRUMENT COND (S/m)	RESIDUAL (S/m)
0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2.94096	0.00000	0.00000
-1.0000	34.6325	2.79115	8.33098	2.79116	0.00002
1.0000	34.6329	2.96178	8.55024	2.96177	-0.00001
15.0000	34.6325	4.25145	10.05167	4.25140	-0.00005
18.5000	34.6312	4.59646	10.41610	4.59648	0.00003
29.0001	34.6295	5.67517	11.47918	5.67521	0.00004
32.5001	34.6234	6.04616	11.82206	6.04612	-0.00003

f = Instrument Output (kHz)

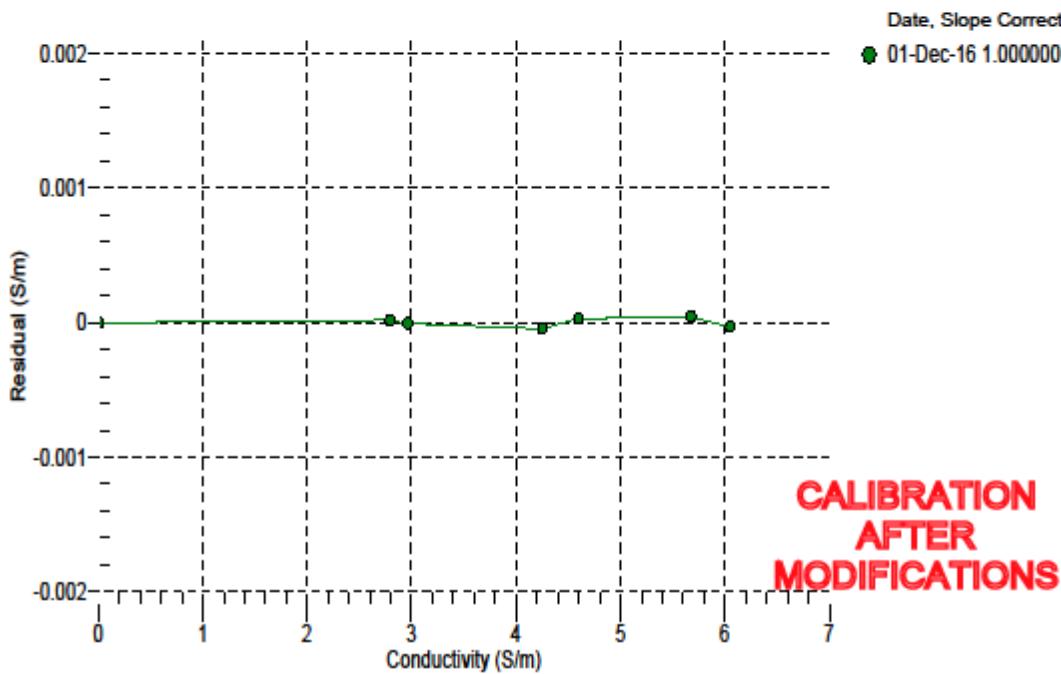
t = temperature (°C); p = pressure (decibars); δ = CTcor; ε = CPcor;

Conductivity (S/m) = $(g + h * f^2 + i * f^3 + j * f^4) / 10 (1 + \delta * t + \varepsilon * p)$

Residual (Siemens/meter) = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity

Date, Slope Correction

01-Dec-16 1.0000000



Conductivity (secondary)**Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 1798
 CALIBRATION DATE: 22-Mar-16

SBE 4 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
 PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -9.79125732e+000
 h = 1.26410805e+000
 i = 1.34277903e-004
 j = 4.48411138e-005

CPcor = -9.5700e-008 (nominal)
 CTcor = 3.2500e-006 (nominal)

BATH TEMP (°C)	BATH SAL (PSU)	BATH COND (S/m)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (kHz)	INSTRUMENT COND (S/m)	RESIDUAL (S/m)
0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2.78230	0.00000	0.00000
-1.0000	34.5316	2.78377	5.45147	2.78376	-0.00001
1.0000	34.5320	2.95397	5.57326	2.95399	0.00002
15.0000	34.5334	4.24056	6.41909	4.24055	-0.00001
18.5000	34.5333	4.58486	6.62706	4.58485	-0.00001
29.0001	34.5313	5.66088	7.23837	5.66090	0.00003
32.4999	34.5234	6.03065	7.43674	6.03064	-0.00002

f = Instrument Output (kHz)

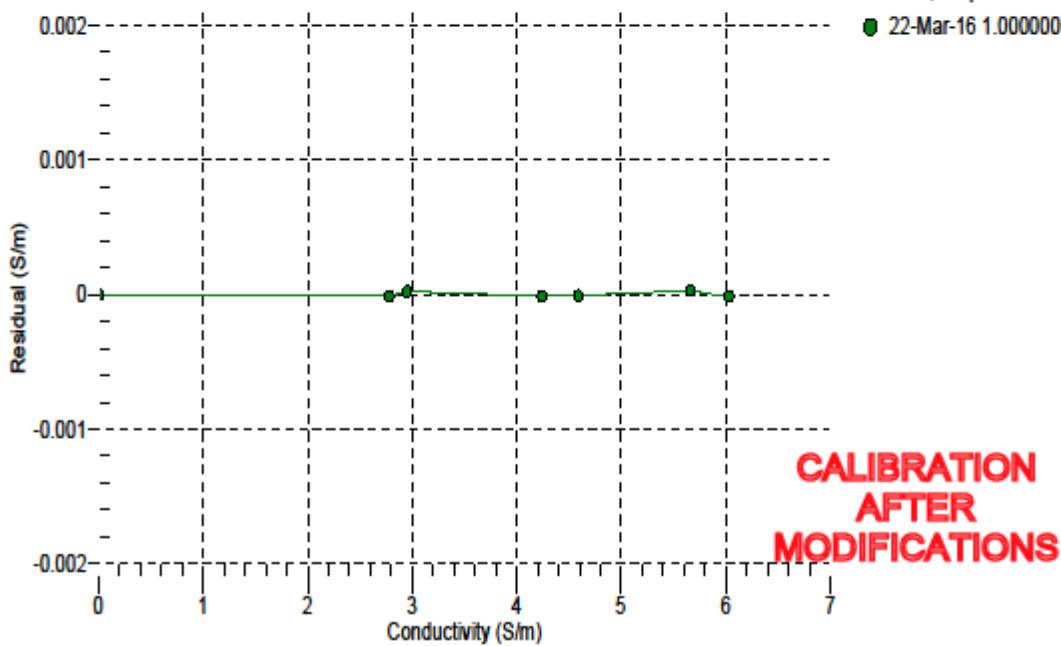
t = temperature (°C); p = pressure (decibars); δ = CTcor; ε = CPcor;

Conductivity (S/m) = $(g + h * f + i * f^2 + j * f^3) / 10 (1 + \delta * t + \epsilon * p)$

Residual (Siemens/meter) = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity

Date, Slope Correction

22-Mar-16 1.0000000



Transmissometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

C-Star Calibration

Date	7.29.16	S/N#	CST-439DR	Pathlength	25 cm
Analog output					
V_d	0.057 V				
V_{air}	4.752 V				
V_{ref}	4.659 V				
Temperature of calibration water				23.7 °C	
Ambient temperature during calibration				22.8 °C	

Relationship of transmittance (Tr) to beam attenuation coefficient (c), and pathlength (x, in meters): $Tr = e^{-cx}$

To determine beam transmittance: $Tr = (V_{sig} - V_{dark}) / (V_{ref} - V_{dark})$

To determine beam attenuation coefficient: $c = -1/x * \ln (Tr)$

V_d Meter output with the beam blocked. This is the offset.

V_{air} Meter output in air with a clear beam path.

V_{ref} Meter output with clean water in the path.

Temperature of calibration water: temperature of clean water used to obtain **V_{ref}**.

Ambient temperature: meter temperature in air during the calibration.

V_{sig} Measured signal output of meter.

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

C-Star Repairs

Date 7/11/2016 Customer NFS LMP4 ISGS

S/N# CST-439DR Repair Order 31167

Standard Service (Analog)

- Replaced cover plate seal
- Checked optics alignment
- Performed noise test: 1 sample/sec for 60 sec
- Performed stability test: 1 sample/min for 12 hrs
- Performed temperature test
- Performed water calibration
- Shake-tested unit
- Pressure-tested unit
- Updated unit's calibration sheet

Additional Repairs

Replaced TX Pressure Window.
Replaced RX Pressure Window.

Comments

CST-439DR.xls

Revision M

7/26/11

Fluorometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

ECO Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization Sheet

Date: 3/19/2016

S/N: FLRTD-1482

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in $\mu\text{g/l}$ can be derived using the equation:

CHL ($\mu\text{g/l}$) = Scale Factor * (Output - Dark Counts)

	Analog Range 1	Analog Range 2	Analog Range 4 (default)	Digital
Dark Counts	0.086	0.035	0.020 V	50 counts
Scale Factor (SF)	6	12	25 μ g/V/V	0.0075 μ g/count
Maximum Output	4.99	4.99	4.99 V	16380 counts
Resolution	0.5	0.5	0.5 mV	1.0 counts

Ambient temperature during characterization 22.3 °C

Analog Range: 1 (most sensitive, 0–4,000 counts), 2 (midrange, 0–8,000 counts), 4 (entire range, 0–16,000 counts).

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

SF: Determined using the following equation: SF = $x \div (\text{output} - \text{dark counts})$, where x is the concentration of the solution used during instrument characterization. SF is used to derive instrument output concentration from the raw signal output of the fluorometer.

Maximum Output: Maximum signal output the fluorometer is capable of

Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-a concentrations *In-situ* is highly variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer, you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction-based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determining chlorophyll concentration see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" part 10200 H, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and the Water Environment Federation.

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

Date 3/19/2016 Customer NSF LMP4 ISGS

S/N# FLRTD-1482 Technician KM

Diagnosis

Evaluated instrument and found no problems.

Repairs

Polished instrument face. Completed standard service & testing. Did not need to retune the instrument. New characterization sheet, device files, and other information included on cd. Range: 125

ECO Standard Service Definition

The bulkhead connector, pressure housing and window on the instrument are first inspected for possible damage. The instrument then is powered on and the current data is checked to determine if the instrument is working properly. The instrument pre-service characterization is performed. The head is next inspected for cracks in the LED, the detector and the motor bores. The digital and analog operations are checked. The instruments scaling is checked with dye or scatter proxy as determined by the instrument type. The firmware version on the instrument is updated as necessary. The case seals, desiccant, shaft seal, faceplate, and shaft are replaced as the instrument is reassembled. The instrument is rescaled if needed after reassembly. Standard testing is performed on the instrument and characterized before being returned to the customer.

ECO Standard Testing Definition

- Performed noise test: 1 sample/sec for 60 sec
- Performed stability test: 1 sample/sec for 12 hrs as needed
- Performed thermistor calibration if installed
- Performed live 6hr pressure test: 5 samples every 4 minutes as needed
- Pressure-tested unit
- Completed instrument characterization
- Updated unit's characterization sheet and included on CD
- Updated unit's device file and included on CD

FLRTD-1482

Revision L

6/9/09

CTD Fish / Pressure Sensor

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 1480
 CALIBRATION DATE: 19-Jan-17

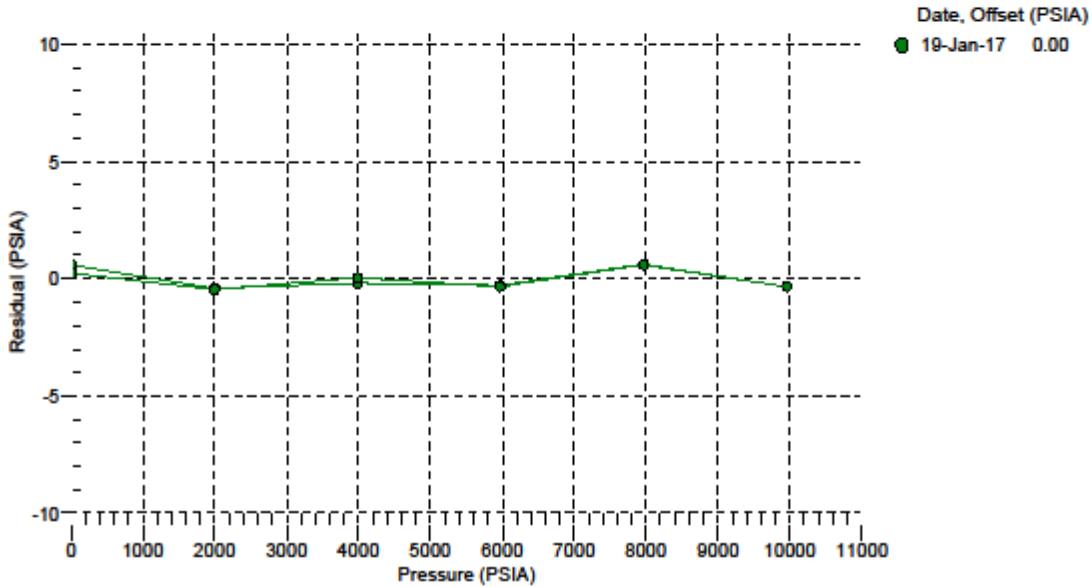
SBE 8plus PRESSURE CALIBRATION DATA
 10000 psia S/N 53952

DIGIQUARTZ COEFFICIENTS:
 C1 = -5.561704e+004
 C2 = 4.302402e-001
 C3 = 1.582810e-002
 D1 = 4.708200e-002
 D2 = 0.000000e+000
 T1 = 3.029296e+001
 T2 = -2.122954e-004
 T3 = 4.352450e-006
 T4 = 2.626550e-009
 T5 = 0.000000e+000

AD590M, AD590B, SLOPE AND OFFSET:
 AD590M = 1.16300e-002
 AD590B = -8.63457e+000
 Slope = 1.00003
 Offset = -3.0883 (dbars)

PRESSURE (PSIA)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (Hz)	INSTRUMENT TEMPERATURE (°C)	INSTRUMENT PRESSURE (PSIA)	CORRECTED PRESSURE (PSIA)	RESIDUAL (PSIA)
14.368	33019.50	21.9	19.428	14.949	0.581
2001.245	33602.80	22.0	2005.236	2000.825	-0.420
3988.124	34174.60	22.1	3992.274	3987.932	-0.192
5975.189	34735.10	22.1	5979.167	5974.893	-0.296
7962.358	35285.20	22.1	7967.167	7962.961	0.603
9949.890	35824.70	22.2	9953.696	9949.559	-0.331
7962.375	35285.20	22.2	7967.156	7962.951	0.576
5975.203	34735.10	22.2	5979.148	5974.874	-0.329
3988.221	34174.70	22.2	3992.602	3988.260	0.039
2001.256	33602.80	22.3	2005.213	2000.802	-0.454
14.365	33019.40	22.3	19.069	14.590	0.225

Residual (PSIA) = corrected instrument pressure - reference pressure





SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.
13431 NE 20th Street
Bellevue, Washington 98005 USA

Phone +1-425-643-9886
Fax +1-425-643-9954
www.seabird.com

SERVICE REPORT

Service Request 1005500626
Date 24-JAN-2017

CUSTOMER INFORMATION

Name: LOCKHEED MARTIN ANTARCTIC SUPPORT CONTRACT (LMASC)
Account : 40279954
DAVE MOREHOUSE
DAVE.MOREHOUSE.CONTRACTOR@USAP.GOV
720-568-2189

PO Number:
4102806116

Bill To Address
700 NORTH FREDERICK AVE;
GAIITHERSBURG,MD,20879,US

Ship To Address
NSF CONTRACTOR REPRESENTATIVE:BUILDING 471 NORTH
END;NAVAL BASE VENTURA COUNT (NBVC);
PORT HUENEME,CA,93043,US

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Item: 09P.LEGACY
Item Description: (LEGACY) SBE 09Plus CTD
Serial: 91480

Special Notes
Services Requested:
Evaluate/Repair Instrumentation.
Perform Routine Calibration Service.

Problems Found:
No problems found

Services Performed:
Perform initial diagnostic evaluation.
Performed pressure calibration.
Performed complete system check and full diagnostic evaluation.
Installed NEW anode(s)

Item	Item Description	Qty
CONCERT9A	CONFIRM AND RECERTIFY SBE 9PLUS. COMPLETE EXTERNAL INSPECTION. TEST ALL FUNCTIONS AND INPUT CHANNEL RESPONSES. REPLACE A (FRRF)	1

Unbilled Items

Item	Item Description	Qty
30044	SEACAT ANODE, 1" DIA., G1050	3

Dissolved Oxygen (primary)

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0150
 CALIBRATION DATE: 18-Nov-16

SBE 43 OXYGEN CALIBRATION DATA

COEFFICIENTS:
 Soc = 0.4594
 Voffset = -0.4992
 Tau20 = 1.65

NOMINAL DYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS
 D1 = 1.92634e-4 H1 = -3.300000e-2
 D2 = -4.64803e-2 H2 = 5.000000e+3
 E nominal = 0.036 H3 = 1.450000e+3

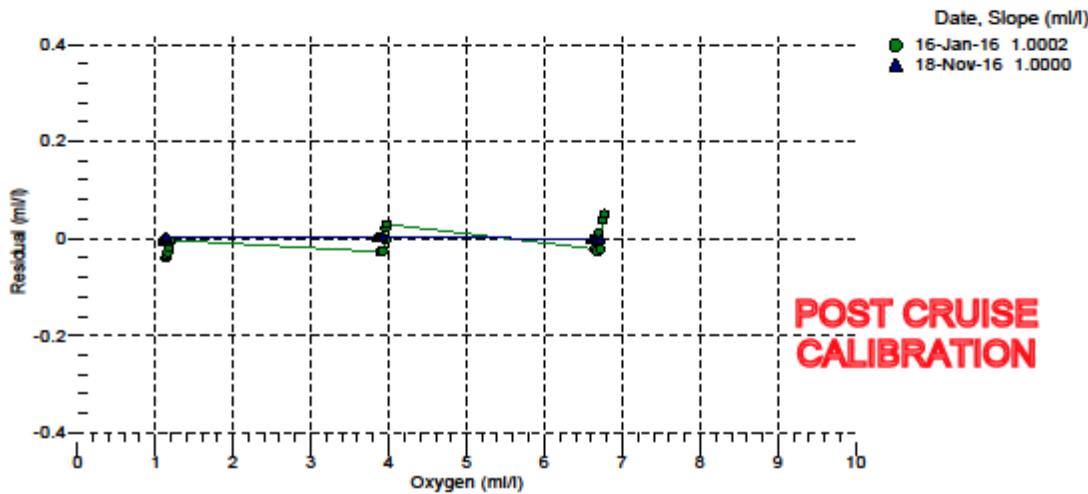
BATH OXYGEN (ml/l)	BATH TEMPERATURE (°C)	BATH SALINITY (PSU)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (volts)	INSTRUMENT OXYGEN (ml/l)	RESIDUAL (ml/l)
1.10	12.00	0.00	0.827	1.10	-0.00
1.11	2.00	0.00	0.750	1.10	-0.00
1.11	6.00	0.00	0.781	1.10	-0.00
1.12	20.00	0.00	0.891	1.12	0.00
1.14	26.00	0.00	0.942	1.14	0.00
1.14	30.00	0.00	0.974	1.15	0.00
3.85	2.00	0.00	1.374	3.85	0.00
3.88	12.00	0.00	1.651	3.88	0.00
3.88	6.00	0.00	1.490	3.88	0.00
3.90	20.00	0.00	1.862	3.90	0.00
3.92	26.00	0.00	2.021	3.92	0.00
3.92	30.00	0.00	2.122	3.92	0.00
6.60	6.00	0.00	2.185	6.60	-0.00
6.61	2.00	0.00	1.999	6.61	-0.00
6.62	12.00	0.00	2.465	6.62	0.00
6.66	30.00	0.00	3.251	6.66	-0.00
6.66	20.00	0.00	2.828	6.66	-0.00
6.71	26.00	0.00	3.103	6.71	-0.00

V = instrument output (volts); T = temperature (°C); S = salinity (PSU); K = temperature (°K)

Oxsol(T,S) = oxygen saturation (ml/l); P = pressure (dbar)

Oxygen (ml/l) = Soc * (V + Voffset) * (1.0 + A * T + B * T² + C * T³) * Oxsol(T,S) * exp(E * P / K)

Residual (ml/l) = instrument oxygen - bath oxygen



Dissolved Oxygen (secondary)

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 0155
 CALIBRATION DATE: 18-Nov-16

SBE 43 OXYGEN CALIBRATION DATA

COEFFICIENTS:
 Soc = 0.5593 A = -5.4057e-003
 Voffset = -0.5034 B = 2.4686e-004
 Tau20 = 1.72 C = -3.4114e-006
 E nominal = 0.036

NOMINAL DYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS
 D1 = 1.92634e-4 H1 = -3.300000e-2
 D2 = -4.64803e-2 H2 = 5.000000e+3
 H3 = 1.450000e+3

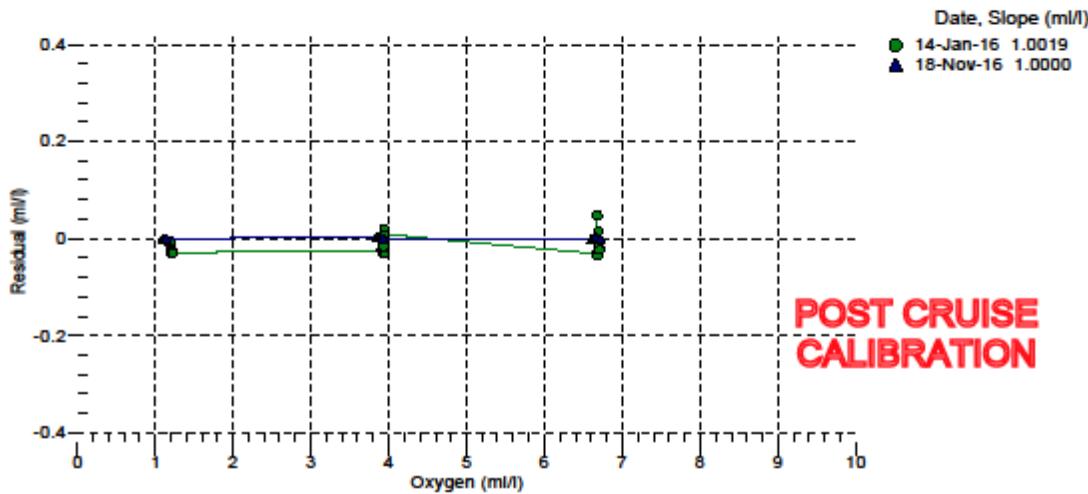
BATH OXYGEN (ml/l)	BATH TEMPERATURE (°C)	BATH SALINITY (PSU)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (volts)	INSTRUMENT OXYGEN (ml/l)	RESIDUAL (ml/l)
1.10	12.00	0.00	0.775	1.10	0.00
1.11	2.00	0.00	0.710	1.10	-0.00
1.11	6.00	0.00	0.736	1.11	-0.00
1.12	20.00	0.00	0.830	1.12	0.00
1.14	26.00	0.00	0.874	1.14	-0.00
1.14	30.00	0.00	0.903	1.14	-0.00
3.85	2.00	0.00	1.222	3.85	0.00
3.88	12.00	0.00	1.457	3.88	0.00
3.88	6.00	0.00	1.320	3.88	0.00
3.90	20.00	0.00	1.640	3.90	0.00
3.92	26.00	0.00	1.781	3.92	0.00
3.92	30.00	0.00	1.872	3.92	-0.00
6.60	6.00	0.00	1.891	6.60	-0.00
6.61	2.00	0.00	1.736	6.61	-0.00
6.62	12.00	0.00	2.129	6.62	-0.00
6.66	30.00	0.00	2.829	6.66	0.00
6.66	20.00	0.00	2.447	6.66	0.00
6.71	26.00	0.00	2.690	6.71	-0.00

V = instrument output (volts); T = temperature (°C); S = salinity (PSU); K = temperature (°K)

Oxsol(T,S) = oxygen saturation (ml/l); P = pressure (dbar)

Oxygen (ml/l) = Soc * (V + Voffset) * (1.0 + A * T + B * T² + C * T³) * Oxsol(T,S) * exp(E * P / K)

Residual (ml/l) = instrument oxygen - bath oxygen



CTD Pump 1 (Primary)

Service	RMA Number	77298	
Report			
Customer Information:			
Company	Lockheed Martin Antarctic Support	Date	3/31/2014
Contact	Dave Morehouse		
PO Number	4900044522		
Serial Number	055641		
Model Number	SBE 05T		
Services Requested:			
1. Evaluate/Repair Instrumentation. 2. Replace standard impulse connector(s) with NEW wet-pluggable connector(s).			
Problems Found:			
Services Performed:			
1. Performed initial diagnostic evaluation. 2. Installed NEW two pin wet-pluggable bulkhead connector(s). 3. Performed internal inspection and O-ring and thrust washer replacements. 4. Performed hydrostatic pressure test.			
Special Notes:			

Monday, March 31, 2014

Page 4 of 5

CTD Pump 2 (Secondary)

Service	RMA Number	77298	
Report			
Customer Information:			
Company	Lockheed Martin Antarctic Support	Date	3/31/2014
Contact	Dave Morehouse		
PO Number	4900044522		
Serial Number	055643		
Model Number	SBE 05T		
Services Requested:			
1. Evaluate/Repair Instrumentation. 2. Replace standard impulse connector(s) with NEW wet-pluggable connector(s).			
Problems Found:			
Services Performed:			
1. Performed initial diagnostic evaluation. 2. Installed NEW two pin wet-pluggable bulkhead connector(s). 3. Performed internal inspection and O-ring and thrust washer replacements. 4. Performed hydrostatic pressure test.			
Special Notes:			

Monday, March 31, 2014

Page 5 of 5

CTD Pump 3 (Primary)

Sea-Bird Scientific
13431 NE 20th Street
Bellevue, WA 98005
USA

+1 425-843-9866
seabird@seabird.com
www.seabird.com

Pressure Test Certificate

Test Date: 2017-08-02

Description: SBE-5T Submersible Pump

Sensor Information:

Replaced the main piston "O"-Rings.

Model Number: SBE-5T

Serial Number: 05T-1626

Pressure Test Protocol:

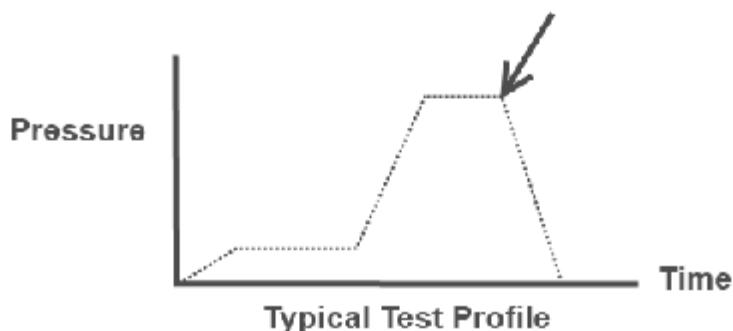
Low Pressure Test: 50 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

High Pressure Test: 10000 PSI Held For: 30 Minutes

Passed Test: True

Tested By: BLT

High pressure is
generally equal
to the maximum
depth rating of
the instrument



CTD Pump 4 (Secondary)

Sea-Bird Scientific
13431 NE 20th Street
Bellevue, WA 98005
USA

+1 425-843-9866
seabird@seabird.com
www.seabird.com

Pressure Test Certificate

Test Date: 2017-08-02

Description: SBE-5T Submersible Pump

Sensor Information:

Replaced the main piston "O"-Rings.

Model Number: SBE-5T

Serial Number: 05T-1627

Pressure Test Protocol:

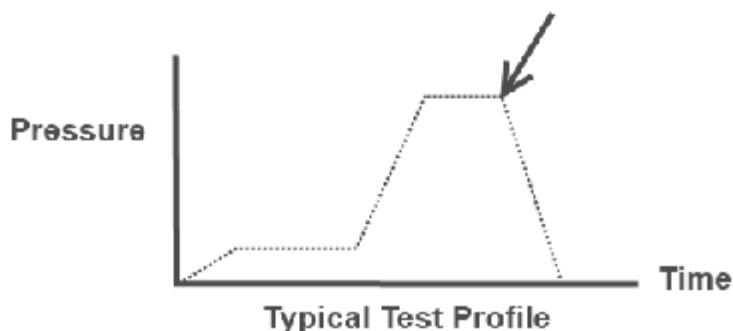
Low Pressure Test: 50 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

High Pressure Test: 10000 PSI Held For: 30 Minutes

Passed Test: True

Tested By: BLT

High pressure is
generally equal
to the maximum
depth rating of
the instrument



PAR

Biospherical Instruments Inc

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

UNDERWATER PAR SENSOR WITH LOG AMPLIFIER

Calibration Date:	07/27/18	Job No.:	R12892																																																																																																						
Model Number:	QSP200L4S																																																																																																								
Serial Number:	4721																																																																																																								
Operator:	TPC																																																																																																								
Standard Lamp:	91453(7/20/16)																																																																																																								
Operating Voltage Range:	6 to 15 VDC (+)																																																																																																								
Note: The QSP200L4S uses a log amplifier to measure the detector signal current with $V = \log I$ (Amps) / I_{Ref} . To calculate irradiance, use this formula																																																																																																									
$Irradiance = Calibration factor * (10^A Light Signal Voltage - 10^A Dark Voltage)$																																																																																																									
With the appropriate (solar corrected) Irradiance Calibration Factor:																																																																																																									
Dry Calibration Factor:	3.02E+13 quanta/cm ² ·sec per volt	5.01E-05 μ Einstens/cm ² ·sec per volt																																																																																																							
Wet Calibration Factor:	5.33E+13 quanta/cm ² ·sec per volt	8.84E-05 μ Einstens/cm ² ·sec per volt																																																																																																							
Sensor Test Data and Results⁴: <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Sensor Supply Current (Dark):</td> <td>85.8 mA</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Supply Voltage:</td> <td>8 Volts</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Lamp Integrated PAR Irradiance:</td> <td>8.38E+15 quanta/cm²·sec</td> <td>0.01391 μEinstens/cm²·sec</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SC3 Immersion Coefficient:</td> <td>0.5984</td> <td>Scalar Correction: 1</td> <td>PAR Solar Correction: 1.0000</td> </tr> <tr> <th>Nominal Filter OD</th> <th>Calibrated Trans.</th> <th>Sensor Voltage</th> <th>Measured Trans.</th> <th>Measured Signal (Amps)</th> <th>Estimated Signal (Amps)</th> <th>Calc. Output (Volts)</th> <th>Error (Volts)</th> <th>Error (%)</th> <th>Test Irrad. (quanta/cm² sec)</th> </tr> <tr> <td>No Filter</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>2.448</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>2.79E-08</td> <td>2.79E-08</td> <td>2.448</td> <td>0.002</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>8.38E+15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.3</td> <td>36.10%</td> <td>2.010</td> <td>36.27%</td> <td>1.01E-08</td> <td>1.01E-08</td> <td>2.010</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>-0.5</td> <td>3.04E+15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.5</td> <td>27.60%</td> <td>1.898</td> <td>27.93%</td> <td>7.80E-09</td> <td>7.71E-09</td> <td>1.895</td> <td>-0.003</td> <td>-1.2</td> <td>2.34E+15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>9.27%</td> <td>1.446</td> <td>9.51%</td> <td>2.66E-09</td> <td>2.59E-09</td> <td>1.438</td> <td>-0.008</td> <td>-2.5</td> <td>7.97E+14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>1.11%</td> <td>0.872</td> <td>1.15%</td> <td>3.21E-10</td> <td>3.10E-10</td> <td>0.683</td> <td>-0.009</td> <td>-3.4</td> <td>9.63E+13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0.05%</td> <td>0.235</td> <td>0.08%</td> <td>2.16E-11</td> <td>1.49E-11</td> <td>0.218</td> <td>-0.017</td> <td>-31.0</td> <td>6.48E+12</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Dark Before:</td> <td>0.177 Volts</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Light - No Filter Hldr:</td> <td>2.444 Volts</td> <td>$I_{Ref} = 1.00E-10$ Amps</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dark After - NFH:</td> <td>0.177 Volts</td> <td>$I_{dark} = 1.50E-10$ Amps</td> <td>RG750 0.192</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Average Dark</td> <td>0.177 Volts</td> <td>$10^{V_{dark}} = 1.502969$</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>				Sensor Supply Current (Dark):	85.8 mA			Supply Voltage:	8 Volts			Lamp Integrated PAR Irradiance:	8.38E+15 quanta/cm ² ·sec	0.01391 μ Einstens/cm ² ·sec		SC3 Immersion Coefficient:	0.5984	Scalar Correction: 1	PAR Solar Correction: 1.0000	Nominal Filter OD	Calibrated Trans.	Sensor Voltage	Measured Trans.	Measured Signal (Amps)	Estimated Signal (Amps)	Calc. Output (Volts)	Error (Volts)	Error (%)	Test Irrad. (quanta/cm ² sec)	No Filter	100.00%	2.448	100.00%	2.79E-08	2.79E-08	2.448	0.002	0.0	8.38E+15	0.3	36.10%	2.010	36.27%	1.01E-08	1.01E-08	2.010	0.000	-0.5	3.04E+15	0.5	27.60%	1.898	27.93%	7.80E-09	7.71E-09	1.895	-0.003	-1.2	2.34E+15	1	9.27%	1.446	9.51%	2.66E-09	2.59E-09	1.438	-0.008	-2.5	7.97E+14	2	1.11%	0.872	1.15%	3.21E-10	3.10E-10	0.683	-0.009	-3.4	9.63E+13	3	0.05%	0.235	0.08%	2.16E-11	1.49E-11	0.218	-0.017	-31.0	6.48E+12	Dark Before:	0.177 Volts			Light - No Filter Hldr:	2.444 Volts	$I_{Ref} = 1.00E-10$ Amps		Dark After - NFH:	0.177 Volts	$I_{dark} = 1.50E-10$ Amps	RG750 0.192	Average Dark	0.177 Volts	$10^{V_{dark}} = 1.502969$	
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Notes: 1. Annual calibration is recommended. 2. The collector should be cleaned frequently with alcohol. 4) This section is for internal use and for more advanced analysis.																																																																																																									

QSP200L-QSP2300 (4-2013-).xls

Temperature (primary)

Temperature Calibration Report

Customer:	Lockheed Martin Antarctic Support		
Job Number:	88231	Date of Report:	3/15/2016
Model Number:	SBE 03-02/F	Serial Number:	031649

Temperature sensors are normally calibrated 'as received', without adjustments, allowing a determination sensor drift. If the calibration identifies a problem, then a second calibration is performed after work is completed. The 'as received' calibration is not performed if the sensor is damaged or non-functional, or by customer request.

An 'as received' calibration certificate is provided, listing coefficients to convert sensor frequency to temperature. Users must choose whether the 'as received' calibration or the previous calibration better represents the sensor condition during deployment. In SEASOFT enter the chosen coefficients. The coefficient 'offset' allows a small correction for drift between calibrations (consult the SEASOFT manual). Calibration coefficients obtained after a repair apply only to subsequent data.

'AS RECEIVED CALIBRATION'

Performed Not Performed

Date: Drift since last cal:

Degrees Celsius/year

Comments:

'FINAL CALIBRATION'

Performed Not Performed

Date:

Drift since 20 Feb 15

Degrees Celsius/year

Comments:

The connector was upgraded to wet-pluggable type.

Temperature (Secondary)**Temperature Calibration Report**

Customer:	Lockheed Martin Antarctic Support		
Job Number:	88231	Date of Report:	2/27/2016
Model Number:	SBE 03	Serial Number:	03P5730

Temperature sensors are normally calibrated 'as received', without adjustments, allowing a determination sensor drift. If the calibration identifies a problem, then a second calibration is performed after work is completed. The 'as received' calibration is not performed if the sensor is damaged or non-functional, or by customer request.

An 'as received' calibration certificate is provided, listing coefficients to convert sensor frequency to temperature. Users must choose whether the 'as received' calibration or the previous calibration better represents the sensor condition during deployment. In SEASOFT enter the chosen coefficients. The coefficient 'offset' allows a small correction for drift between calibrations (consult the SEASOFT manual). Calibration coefficients obtained after a repair apply only to subsequent data.

'AS RECEIVED CALIBRATION'

Performed Not Performed

Date:

Drift since last cal: Degrees Celsius/year

Comments:

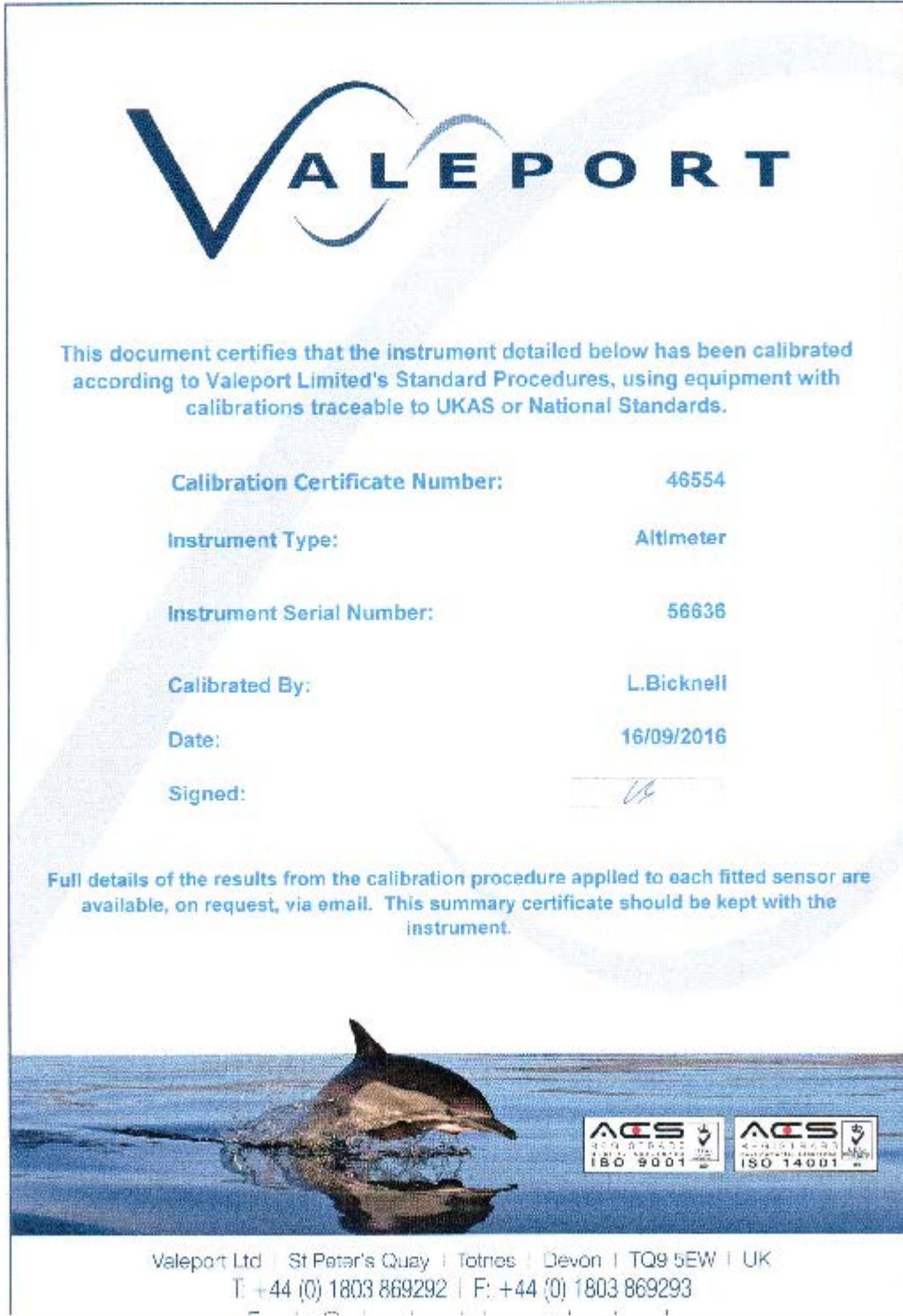
'CALIBRATION AFTER REPAIR'

Performed Not Performed

Date:

Drift since Last cal: Degrees Celsius/year

Comments:

Trace Metal CTD**Altimeter**

Conductivity (Primary)

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 4067
 CALIBRATION DATE: 06-Jan-17

SBE 4 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
 PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -9.93338910e+000	CPCor = -9.5700e-008 (nominal)
h = 1.48959590e+000	CTcor = 3.2500e-006 (nominal)
i = -2.36571068e-003	
j = 2.65176312e-004	

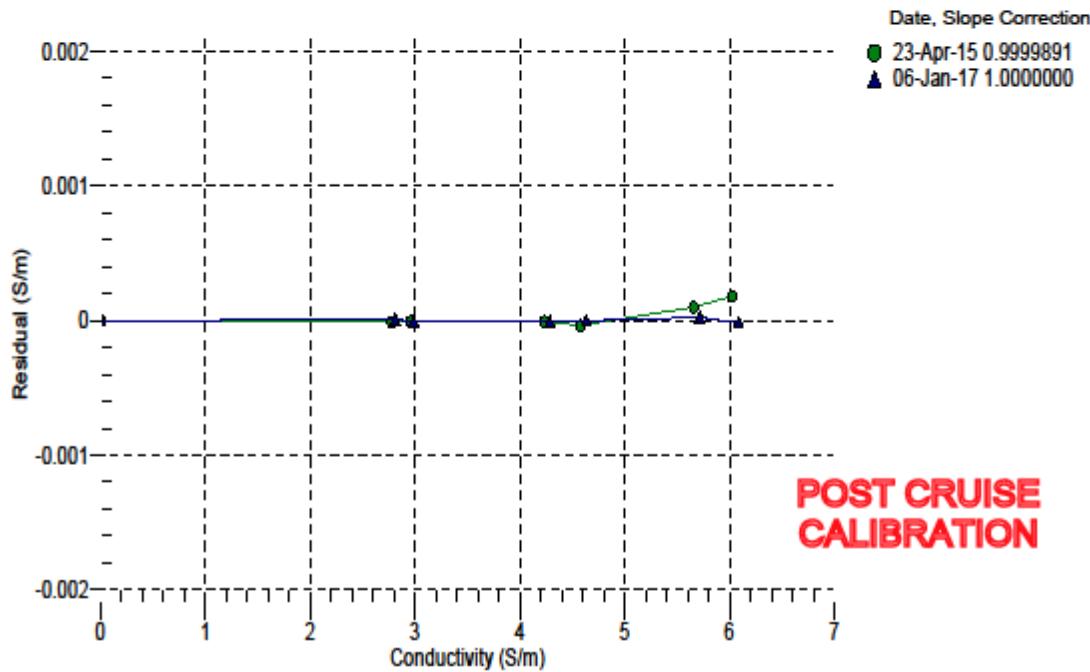
BATH TEMP	BATH SAL	BATH COND	INSTRUMENT	INSTRUMENT	RESIDUAL
(° C)	(PSU)	(S/m)	OUTPUT (kHz)	COND (S/m)	(S/m)
0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2.58612	0.00000	0.00000
-1.0000	34.9170	2.81193	5.06308	2.81194	0.00001
1.0000	34.9171	2.98376	5.17606	2.98375	-0.00001
15.0000	34.9154	4.28248	5.96077	4.28247	-0.00001
18.5000	34.9146	4.63000	6.15365	4.63000	-0.00000
29.0000	34.9115	5.71615	6.72049	5.71617	0.00002
32.5000	34.9030	6.08939	6.90438	6.08938	-0.00002

f = Instrument Output (kHz)

t = temperature (°C); p = pressure (decibars); δ = CTcor; ε = CPCor;

Conductivity (S/m) = $(g + h * f^2 + i * f^3 + j * f^4) / 10 (1 + \delta * t + \epsilon * p)$

Residual (Siemens/meter) = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity



Conductivity (Secondary)

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 4670
 CALIBRATION DATE: 16-Mar-17

SBE 4 CONDUCTIVITY CALIBRATION DATA
 PSS 1978: C(35,15,0) = 4.2914 Siemens/meter

COEFFICIENTS:

g = -9.88589275e+000
 h = 1.19589502e+000
 i = 2.91508803e-005
 j = 4.20244202e-005

CPCor = -9.5700e-008 (nominal)
 CTcor = 3.2500e-006 (nominal)

BATH TEMP	BATH SAL	BATH COND	INSTRUMENT	INSTRUMENT	RESIDUAL
(°C)	(PSU)	(S/m)	OUTPUT (kHz)	COND (S/m)	(S/m)
0.0000	0.0000	0.00000	2.87464	0.00000	0.00000
-1.0000	34.7223	2.79771	5.62327	2.79770	-0.00001
1.0000	34.7228	2.96873	5.74874	2.96874	0.00001
15.0000	34.7243	4.26152	6.62030	4.26153	0.00001
18.5000	34.7246	4.60752	6.83462	4.60750	-0.00002
29.0000	34.7239	5.68889	7.46472	5.68890	0.00002
32.5000	34.7199	6.06108	7.66952	6.06107	-0.00001

f = Instrument Output (kHz)

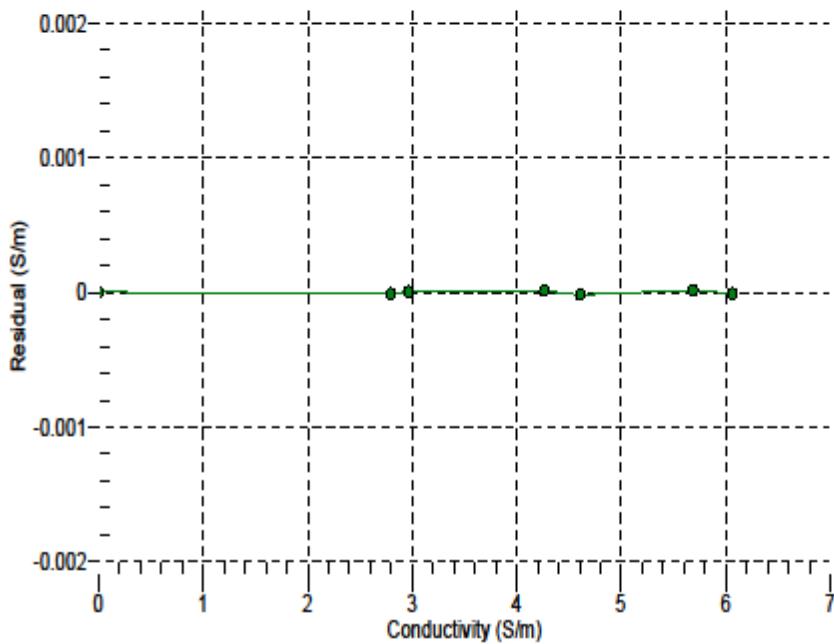
t = temperature (°C); p = pressure (decibars); δ = CTcor; ε = CPCor;

Conductivity (S/m) = $(g + h * f + i * f^2 + j * f^3) / 10 (1 + \delta * t + \epsilon * p)$

Residual (Siemens/meter) = instrument conductivity - bath conductivity

Date, Slope Correction

16-Mar-17 1.0000000



**Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**13431 NE 20th St. Bellevue, Washington 98005 USA
www.seabird.com

Phone: (425) 643-9866

Fax: (425) 643-9954

Email: seabird@seabird.com

Pressure Test Certificate

Test Date: 07/21/16

Description: SBE-4 Conductivity Sensor

Sensor Information:

Model Number: 04

Serial Number: 4670

Pressure Test Protocol:

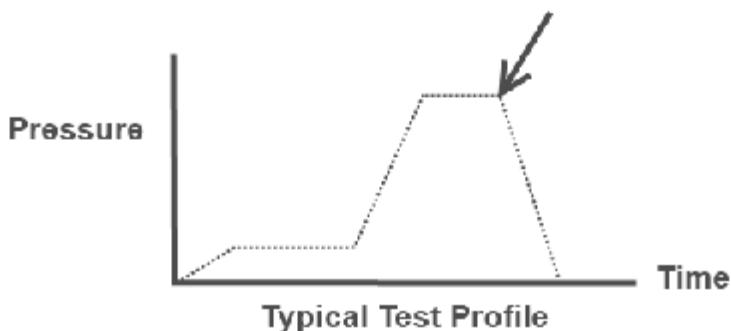
Low Pressure Test: 40 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

High Pressure Test: 10000 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

Passed Test: Yes

Tested By: bk

High pressure is
generally equal
to the maximum
depth rating of
the instrument



Transmissometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

C-Star Calibration

Date	11.10.16	S/N#	CST-892DR	Pathlength	25 cm
Analog output					
V_d	0.058 V				
V_{air}	4.761 V				
V_{ref}	4.662 V				
Temperature of calibration water				23.5 °C	
Ambient temperature during calibration				24.7 °C	

Relationship of transmittance (Tr) to beam attenuation coefficient (c), and pathlength (x, in meters): $Tr = e^{-cx}$

To determine beam transmittance: $Tr = (V_{sig} - V_{dark}) / (V_{ref} - V_{dark})$

To determine beam attenuation coefficient: $c = -1/x * \ln (Tr)$

V_d Meter output with the beam blocked. This is the offset.

V_{air} Meter output in air with a clear beam path.

V_{ref} Meter output with clean water in the path.

Temperature of calibration water: temperature of clean water used to obtain V_{ref} .

Ambient temperature: meter temperature in air during the calibration.

V_{sig} Measured signal output of meter.

Fluorometer

PO Box 518
620 Applegate St.
Philomath, OR 97370



(541) 929-5650
Fax (541) 929-5277
www.wetlabs.com

ECO Chlorophyll Fluorometer Characterization Sheet

Date: 12/19/2016

S/N: FLRTD-3928

Chlorophyll concentration expressed in $\mu\text{g/l}$ can be derived using the equation:

$$\text{CHL } (\mu\text{g/l}) = \text{Scale Factor} * (\text{Output} - \text{Dark Counts})$$

	Analog Range 1	Analog Range 2	Analog Range 4 (default)	Digital
Dark Counts	0.073	0.042	0.026 V	51 counts
Scale Factor (SF)	8	12	25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mV}$	0.0075 $\mu\text{g}/\text{count}$
Maximum Output	4.96	4.96	4.96 V	16380 counts
Resolution	1.2	1.2	1.2 mV	1.0 counts

Ambient temperature during characterization 21.7 °C

Analog Range: 1 (most sensitive, 0–4,000 counts), 2 (midrange, 0–8,000 counts), 4 (entire range, 0–16,000 counts).

Dark Counts: Signal output of the meter in clean water with black tape over detector.

SF: Determined using the following equation: $SF = x \div (\text{output} - \text{dark counts})$, where x is the concentration of the solution used during instrument characterization. SF is used to derive instrument output concentration from the raw signal output of the fluorometer.

Maximum Output: Maximum signal output the fluorometer is capable of.

Resolution: Standard deviation of 1 minute of collected data.

The relationship between fluorescence and chlorophyll-a concentrations *in-situ* is highly variable. The scale factor listed on this document was determined using a mono-culture of phytoplankton (*Thalassiosira weissflogii*). The population was assumed to be reasonably healthy and the concentration was determined by using the absorption method. To accurately determine chlorophyll concentration using a fluorometer, you must perform secondary measurements on the populations of interest. This is typically done using extraction-based measurement techniques on discrete samples. For additional information on determining chlorophyll concentration see "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" part 10200 H, published jointly by the American Public Health Association, American Water Works Association, and the Water Environment Federation.

FLRTD-3928

Revision J

3/17/08

CTD Fish Pressure Sensor



SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC.
 13431 NE 20th St, Bellevue Washington 98005 USA
 Phone: (425) 643-9866 Fax: (425) 643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

Digiquartz Pressure Calibration dP/dT Corrected Coefficients
(Changed coefficients are posted in italics)

Pressure Transducer Serial Number: 138503
 Original Calibration Date: 16-Mar-17
 Date of Correction: 2017-03-21
 Installed in: SBE 9Plus S/N 1315

PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS

<i>C1</i>	-42793.59	<i>psia</i>
<i>C2</i>	0.0341051	<i>psia/deg C</i>
<i>C3</i>	1.178200e-002	<i>psia/deg C²</i>

<i>D1</i>	3.724300e-002
<i>D2</i>	0.000000e+000

<i>T1</i>	30.25805	<i>μsec</i>
<i>T2</i>	-2.99834e-04	<i>μsec/deg C</i>
<i>T3</i>	3.761720e-006	<i>μsec/deg C²</i>
<i>T4</i>	3.353750e-009	<i>μsec/deg C³</i>
<i>T5</i>	0.000000e+000	

Slope = 1.0
 Offset = 0.0

Corrected at Sea-Bird Electronics as per Paroscientific Calibration and Sea-Bird Electronics dP/dT tests.
 The original calibration from Paroscientific assumes an operating temperature range of 0 to 125 degrees C.
 dP/dT correction adjusts this operating range to a nominal range of 0 to 22 degrees C. This increases the accuracy of the transducer in this temperature range.

NOTE: Original coefficients from Paroscientific are attached to this form for informational purposes and should not be used.

Dissolved Oxygen (Primary)SEA·BIRD
SCIENTIFIC

Sea-Bird Scientific
13431 NE 20th Street
Bellevue, WA 98005
USA

+1 425-643-9866
seabird@seabird.com
www.seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 2267
CALIBRATION DATE: 01-Aug-17

SBE 43 OXYGEN CALIBRATION DATA

COEFFICIENTS:
 Soc = 0.5018
 Voffset = -0.5259
 Tau20 = 1.14

NOMINAL DYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS
 A = -3.7610e-003
 B = 1.7663e-004
 C = -2.7934e-006
 E nominal = 0.036

D1 = 1.92634e-4 H1 = -3.300000e-2
 D2 = -4.64803e-2 H2 = 5.000000e+3
 H3 = 1.450000e+3

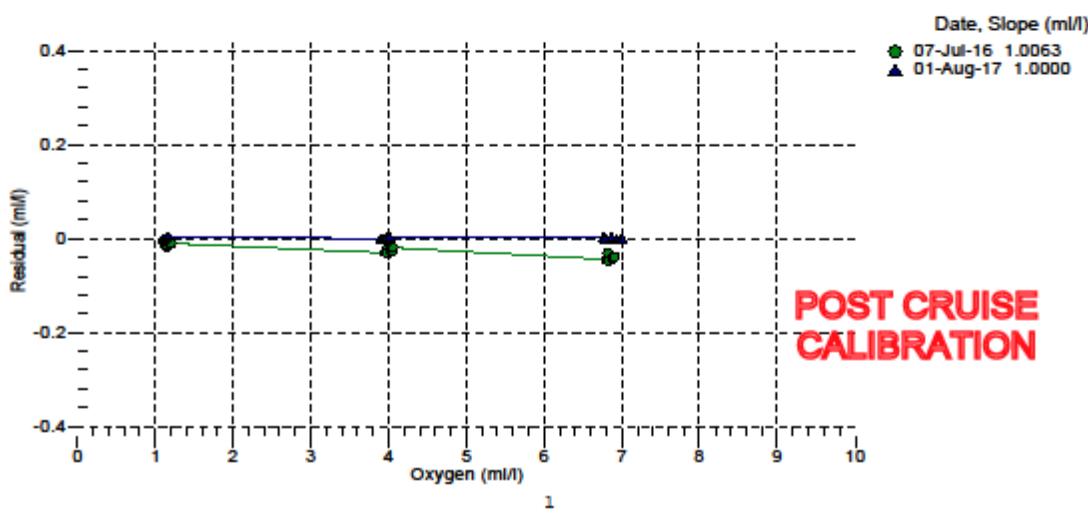
BATH OXYGEN (ml/l)	BATH TEMPERATURE (°C)	BATH SALINITY (PSU)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (volts)	INSTRUMENT OXYGEN (ml/l)	RESIDUAL (ml/l)
1.09	2.00	0.00	0.752	1.09	-0.00
1.10	6.00	0.00	0.782	1.10	-0.00
1.12	12.00	0.00	0.828	1.12	-0.00
1.13	20.00	0.00	0.891	1.13	0.00
1.15	26.00	0.00	0.943	1.16	0.00
1.16	30.00	0.00	0.979	1.17	0.00
3.91	2.00	0.00	1.336	3.91	-0.00
3.92	6.00	0.00	1.438	3.92	-0.00
3.94	12.00	0.00	1.594	3.94	0.00
3.97	20.00	0.00	1.805	3.97	-0.00
3.99	26.00	0.00	1.968	4.00	0.00
4.01	30.00	0.00	2.085	4.02	0.00
6.76	2.00	0.00	1.928	6.76	0.00
6.79	6.00	0.00	2.105	6.79	-0.00
6.87	12.00	0.00	2.388	6.87	0.00
6.94	20.00	0.00	2.760	6.94	-0.00
6.99	26.00	0.00	3.050	6.99	0.00
7.00	30.00	0.00	3.242	7.00	-0.00

V = instrument output (volts); T = temperature (°C); S = salinity (PSU); K = temperature (°K)

Oxsol(T,S) = oxygen saturation (ml/l); P = pressure (dbar)

Oxygen (ml/l) = Soc * (V + Voffset) * (1.0 + A * T + B * T² + C * T³) * Oxsol(T,S) * exp(E * P / K)

Residual (ml/l) = instrument oxygen - bath oxygen



Dissolved Oxygen (Secondary)**Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**

13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA

Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 3178
CALIBRATION DATE: 06-Jan-17

SBE 43 OXYGEN CALIBRATION DATA

COEFFICIENTS:
 Soc = 0.3993 A = -3.8358e-003
 Voffset = -0.7143 B = 1.9975e-004
 Tau20 = 1.28 C = -3.2569e-006
 E nominal = 0.036

NOMINAL DYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS
 D1 = 1.92634e-4 H1 = -3.300000e-2
 D2 = -4.64803e-2 H2 = 5.000000e+3
 H3 = 1.450000e+3

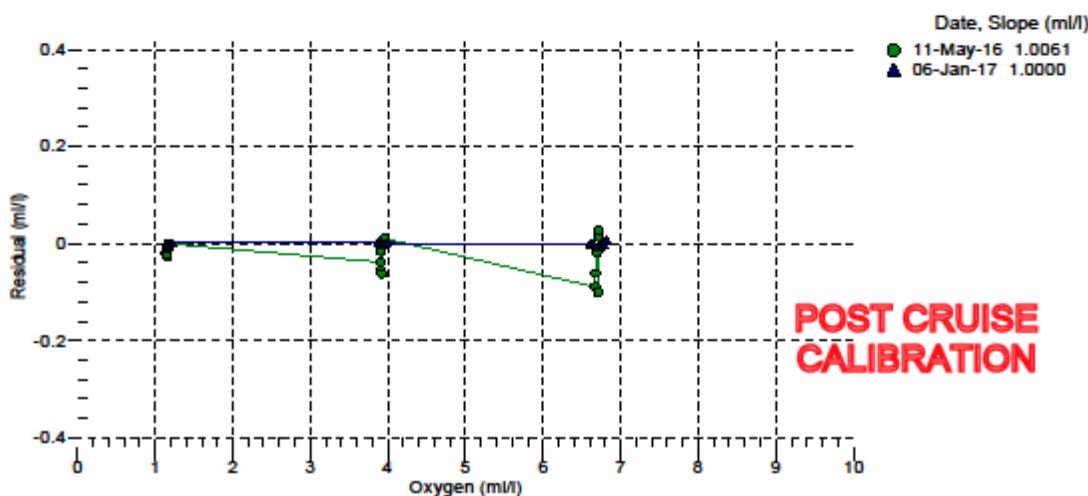
BATH OXYGEN (ml/l)	BATH TEMPERATURE (°C)	BATH SALINITY (PSU)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (volts)	INSTRUMENT OXYGEN (ml/l)	RESIDUAL (ml/l)
1.15	2.00	0.00	1.015	1.15	-0.00
1.16	6.00	0.00	1.054	1.16	-0.00
1.16	12.00	0.00	1.109	1.16	-0.00
1.18	20.00	0.00	1.189	1.18	-0.00
1.21	26.00	0.00	1.259	1.21	0.00
1.22	30.00	0.00	1.304	1.22	0.00
3.88	6.00	0.00	1.850	3.88	0.00
3.88	2.00	0.00	1.726	3.88	0.00
3.91	12.00	0.00	2.044	3.91	0.00
3.94	26.00	0.00	2.493	3.94	-0.00
3.96	20.00	0.00	2.308	3.96	0.00
3.99	30.00	0.00	2.651	4.00	0.00
6.62	2.00	0.00	2.439	6.62	-0.00
6.62	6.00	0.00	2.650	6.62	-0.00
6.63	12.00	0.00	2.968	6.63	0.00
6.73	20.00	0.00	3.424	6.73	-0.00
6.78	30.00	0.00	3.999	6.78	-0.00
6.81	26.00	0.00	3.788	6.82	0.01

V = instrument output (volts); T = temperature (°C); S = salinity (PSU); K = temperature (°K)

Oxsol(T,S) = oxygen saturation (ml/l); P = pressure (dbar)

Oxygen (ml/l) = Soc * (V + Voffset) * (1.0 + A * T + B * T² + C * T³) * Oxsol(T,S) * exp(E * P / K)

Residual (ml/l) = instrument oxygen - bath oxygen



CTD Pump 1 (Primary)**Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**13431 NE 20th St. Bellevue, Washington 98005 USA
www.seabird.com

Phone: (425) 643-9866

Fax: (425) 643-9954

Email: seabird@seabird.com

Pressure Test Certificate

Test Date: 2017-01-09

Description: SBE-5T Submersible Pump

Sensor Information:

Replaced the main piston "O"-Rings.

Model Number: SBE-5T

Serial Number: 8275

Pressure Test Protocol:

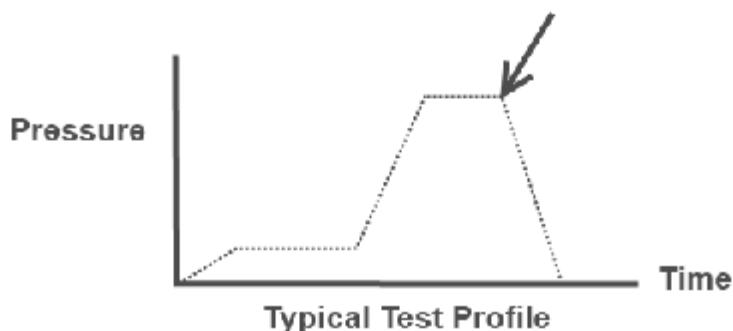
Low Pressure Test: 40 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

High Pressure Test: 10000 PSI Held For: 30 Minutes

Passed Test: True

Tested By: tb

High pressure is generally equal to the maximum depth rating of the instrument



CTD Pump 2 (Secondary)**Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**13431 NE 20th St. Bellevue, Washington 98005 USA
www.seabird.com

Phone: (425) 643-9866

Fax: (425) 643-9954

Email: seabird@seabird.com**Pressure Test Certificate**

Test Date: 2017-01-23

Description: SBE-5T Submersible Pump

Sensor Information:

Model Number: SBE-5T

Serial Number: 9000

Pressure Test Protocol:

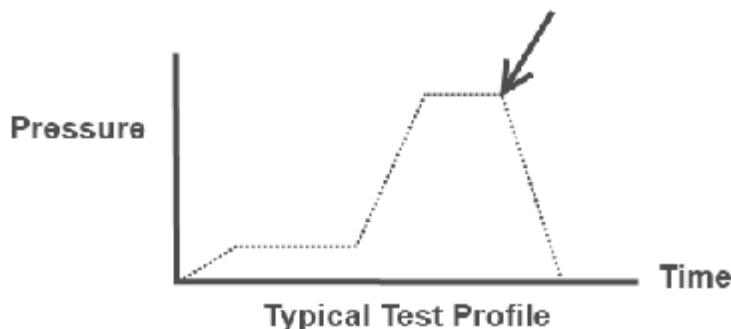
Low Pressure Test: 40 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

High Pressure Test: 10000 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

Passed Test: True

Tested By: sa

High pressure is generally equal to the maximum depth rating of the instrument



PAR

		Job No.: R12817	
Calibration Date:	12/12/16	Model Number:	QSP2350
Serial Number:	70555	Operator:	TPC
Standard Lamp:	91453(7/20/16)	Operating Voltage Range:	6 In 15 VDC (+)
Note: The QSP2350 output is a voltage that is proportional to the log of the incident irradiance.			
To calculate irradiance, use this formula:			
Irradiance = Calibration factor * (10^Light Signal Voltage - 10^Dark Voltage)			
Dry Calibration Factor:	2.72E+12 quanta/cm²·sec per volt	4.52E-06 μEinsteins/cm²·sec per volt	
Wet Calibration Factor:	4.81E+12 quanta/cm²·sec per volt	7.99E-06 μEinsteins/cm²·sec per volt	
Sensor Test Data and Results			
Sensor Supply Current (Dark)	3.4 mA		
Supply Voltage:	5 Volts		
Lamp Integrated PAR Irradiance:	8.38E+15 quanta/cm ² sec		
Immers or Coefficient:	0.966	0.0391	μEinsteins/cm ² sec
Nominal Filter OD	Expected Transmission	Calibrated Sensor Voltage	Expected Voltage % Error
No Filter	100%	3.488	0% 100.00%
0.3	50%	3.046	0% 36.11%
0.5	32%	2.933	0% 27.86%
1	10%	2.465	0% 9.45%
2	1%	1.551	1% 1.12%
3	0.10%	0.396	0.216 46%
RG780	0.00%	0.011	0.011 -3% 0.00%
Dark Before	0.011 Volts		Test irrad.
Light - No Filter Hdr.	3.488 Volts		(quanta/cm ² ·sec)
Dark After - NFT	0.012 Volts		Error (%)
Average Dark	0.0114 Volts		8.38E+15

Notes

- 1) Annual calibration is recommended.
- 2) This section is for internal use and is not intended for public release.

Temperature (Primary)

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 5977
 CALIBRATION DATE: 16-Mar-17

SBE 3 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

COEFFICIENTS:

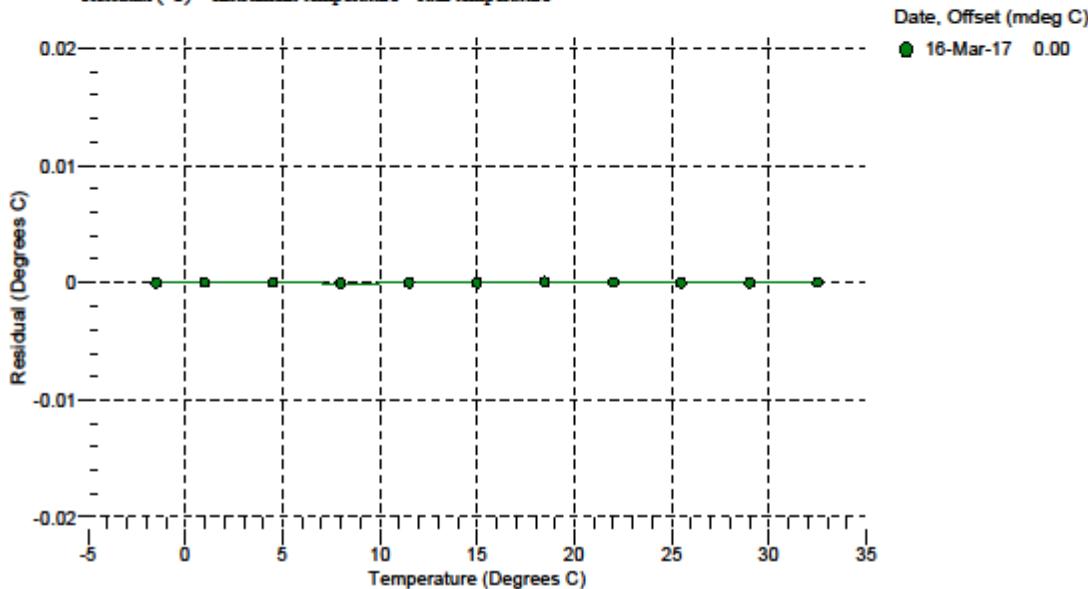
g = 4.37069269e-003
 h = 6.38156258e-004
 i = 2.24532322e-005
 j = 2.11270332e-006
 f₀ = 1000.0

BATH TEMP (° C)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (Hz)	INST TEMP (° C)	RESIDUAL (° C)
-1.5000	3064.582	-1.5000	-0.00002
1.0000	3242.471	1.0000	0.00003
4.5000	3503.920	4.5000	0.00003
8.0000	3780.216	7.9999	-0.00006
11.5000	4071.786	11.5000	-0.00001
15.0000	4379.009	15.0000	-0.00001
18.5000	4702.282	18.5001	0.00007
22.0000	5041.956	22.0000	0.00001
25.5000	5398.403	25.5000	-0.00003
29.0000	5771.970	29.0000	-0.00004
32.4999	6162.983	32.4999	0.00003

f = Instrument Output (Hz)

Temperature ITS-90 (°C) = 1/(g + h[h(f₀ / f)]) + i[h²(f₀ / f)] + j[h³(f₀ / f)] - 273.15

Residual (°C) = instrument temperature - bath temperature



**Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.**13431 NE 20th St. Bellevue, Washington 98005 USA
www.seabird.com

Phone: (425) 643-9866

Fax: (425) 643-9954

Email: seabird@seabird.com

Pressure Test Certificate

Test Date: 04/04/16

Description: SBE-3 Temperature Sensor

Sensor Information:

Model Number: 03

Serial Number: 5977

Pressure Test Protocol:

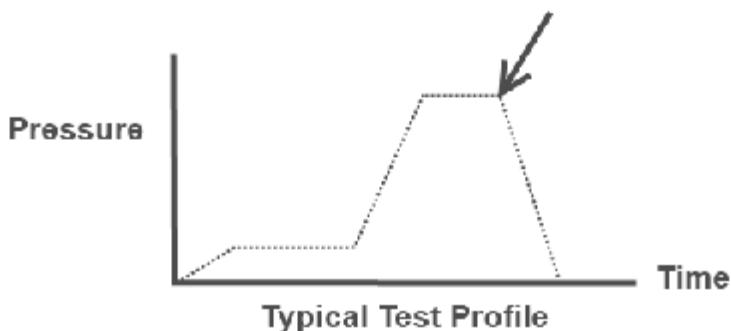
Low Pressure Test: 40 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

High Pressure Test: 10000 PSI Held For: 15 Minutes

Passed Test: Yes

Tested By: nd

High pressure is generally equal to the maximum depth rating of the instrument



Temperature (Secondary)

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc.
 13431 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, WA 98005-2010 USA
 Phone: (+1) 425-643-9866 Fax (+1) 425-643-9954 Email: seabird@seabird.com

SENSOR SERIAL NUMBER: 6118
 CALIBRATION DATE: 16-Mar-17

SBE 3 TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION DATA
 ITS-90 TEMPERATURE SCALE

COEFFICIENTS:

g = 4.33861901e-003
 h = 6.38134987e-004
 i = 2.29355641e-005
 j = 2.09828266e-006
 f₀ = 1000.0

BATH TEMP (° C)	INSTRUMENT OUTPUT (Hz)	INST TEMP (° C)	RESIDUAL (° C)
-1.5000	2907.058	-1.5000	-0.00001
1.0000	3075.658	1.0000	0.00002
4.5000	3323.493	4.5000	0.00001
8.0000	3585.452	7.9999	-0.00005
11.5000	3861.945	11.5000	0.00001
15.0000	4153.345	15.0000	0.00002
18.5000	4460.028	18.5000	0.00002
22.0000	4782.360	22.0000	0.00001
25.5000	5120.691	25.5000	-0.00002
29.0000	5475.364	29.0000	-0.00003
32.4999	5846.702	32.4999	0.00003

f = Instrument Output (Hz)

$$\text{Temperature ITS-90 (°C)} = 1/(g + h[h(f_0 / f)] + i[h^2(f_0 / f)] + j[h^3(f_0 / f)]) - 273.15$$

Residual (°C) = instrument temperature - bath temperature

